

# NFKBIA Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2059a

#### **Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Clone Names Isotype Calculated MW Description	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E P25963 Human Mouse Monoclonal 4D4C4 IgG1 35609 This gene encodes a member of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor family, which contain multiple ankrin repeat domains. The encoded protein interacts with REL dimers to inhibit NF-kappa-B/REL complexes which are involved in inflammatory responses. The encoded protein moves between the cytoplasm and the nucleus via a nuclear localization signal and CRM1-mediated nuclear export. Mutations in this gene have been found in ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant disease.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human NFKBIA (AA: 150-291) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	4792
Other Names	NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha, I-kappa-B-alpha, IkB-alpha, IkappaBalpha, Major histocompatibility complex enhancer-binding protein MAD3, NFKBIA, IKBA, MAD3, NFKBI
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	NFKBIA Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name	NFKBIA
Synonyms	IKBA, MAD3, NFKBI
Function	Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL (RELA/p65 and NFKB1/p50) dimers in the cytoplasm by masking their nuclear localization signals (PubMed: <u>1493333</u> , PubMed: <u>36651806</u> , PubMed: <u>7479976</u> ). On cellular stimulation by immune and pro-inflammatory responses, becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to the nucleus and activate transcription (PubMed: <u>7479976</u> , PubMed: <u>7628694</u> , PubMed: <u>7796813</u> , PubMed: <u>7878466</u> ).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm by a nuclear localization signal (NLS) and a CRM1-dependent nuclear export.

## References

1.Mol Cancer. 2013 Dec 11;12:160.2.Acta Med Okayama. 2013;67(1):19-24.

# Images

