

# BMP2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2073a

## **Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Clone Names Isotype Calculated MW Description	WB, FC, ICC, E P12643 Human Mouse Monoclonal 9E10G12 IgG1 44702 The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the transforming growth factor-beta (TGFB) superfamily. The encoded protein acts as a disulfide-linked homodimer and induces bone and cartilage formation.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human BMP2 (AA: 283-396) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	650
Other Names	Bone morphogenetic protein 2, BMP-2, Bone morphogenetic protein 2A, BMP-2A, BMP2, BMP2A
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	BMP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name	BMP2
Synonyms	BMP2A
Function	Growth factor of the TGF-beta superfamily that plays essential roles in many developmental processes, including cardiogenesis, neurogenesis, and

	osteogenesis (PubMed: <u>18436533</u> , PubMed: <u>24362451</u> , PubMed: <u>31019025</u> ). Induces cartilage and bone formation (PubMed: <u>3201241</u> ). Initiates the canonical BMP signaling cascade by associating with type I receptor BMPR1A and type II receptor BMPR2 (PubMed: <u>15064755</u> , PubMed: <u>17295905</u> , PubMed: <u>18436533</u> ). Once all three components are bound together in a complex at the cell surface, BMPR2 phosphorylates and activates BMPR1A (PubMed: <u>7791754</u> ). In turn, BMPR1A propagates signal by phosphorylating SMAD1/5/8 that travel to the nucleus and act as activators and repressors of transcription of target genes. Also acts to promote expression of HAMP, via the interaction with its receptor BMPR1A/ALK3 (PubMed: <u>31800957</u> ). Can also signal through non-canonical pathways such as ERK/MAP kinase signaling cascade that regulates osteoblast differentiation (PubMed: <u>16771708</u> , PubMed: <u>20851880</u> ). Also stimulates the differentiation of myoblasts into osteoblasts via the EIF2AK3-EIF2A-ATF4 pathway by stimulating EIF2A phosphorylation which leads to increased expression of ATF4 which plays a central role in osteoblast differentiation (PubMed: <u>24362451</u> ). Acts as a positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, expression is repressed during the bell stage by MSX1-mediated inhibition of CTNNB1 signaling (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Secreted.
Tissue Location	Particularly abundant in lung, spleen and colon and in low but significant levels in heart, brain, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, prostate, ovary and small intestine

#### References

1.Tissue Eng Part A. 2013 Dec;19(23-24):2664-73.2.BMC Biol. 2012 Apr 30;10:37.

### Images

