

# LGR5 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2136a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, E **Primary Accession** 075473 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal **Clone Names** 2B5B9 Isotype IgG2b 99998 **Calculated MW** 

**Description** LGR5 (Leucine-Rich Repeat Containing G Protein-Coupled Receptor 5) is a

Protein Coding gene. Among its related pathways are Wnt signaling pathway (KEGG). GO annotations related to this gene include G-protein coupled receptor activity and transmembrane signaling receptor activity. An important

paralog of this gene is LGR6.

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human LGR5 (AA: 22-178) expressed in E.

Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 8549

Other Names Leucine-rich repeat-containing G-protein coupled receptor 5, G-protein

coupled receptor 49, G-protein coupled receptor 67, G-protein coupled

receptor HG38, LGR5, GPR49, GPR67

**Dilution** WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 E~~1/10000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** LGR5 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name LGR5

**Synonyms** GPR49, GPR67

#### **Function**

Receptor for R-spondins that potentiates the canonical Wnt signaling pathway and acts as a stem cell marker of the intestinal epithelium and the hair follicle. Upon binding to R-spondins (RSPO1, RSPO2, RSPO3 or RSPO4), associates with phosphorylated LRP6 and frizzled receptors that are activated by extracellular Wnt receptors, triggering the canonical Wnt signaling pathway to increase expression of target genes. In contrast to classical G-protein coupled receptors, does not activate heterotrimeric G-proteins to transduce the signal. Involved in the development and/or maintenance of the adult intestinal stem cells during postembryonic development.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein Note=Rapidly and constitutively internalized to the trans-Golgi network at steady state. Internalization to the trans-Golgi network may be the result of phosphorylation at Ser-861 and Ser-864; however, the phosphorylation event has not been proven (PubMed:23439653)

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in skeletal muscle, placenta, spinal cord, and various region of brain. Expressed at the base of crypts in colonic and small mucosa stem cells. In premalignant cancer expression is not restricted to the cript base. Overexpressed in cancers of the ovary, colon and liver.

## References

1.Tumour Biol. 2014 Nov;35(11):11605-12. 2.Int J Mol Med. 2014 Jul;34(1):35-42.

## **Images**

