

FOXP2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2198a

Product Information

WB, FC, E Application **Primary Accession** 015409 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal **Clone Names** 2G11B8 Isotype IgG1 79919 **Calculated MW**

Description This gene encodes a member of the forkhead/winged-helix (FOX) family of

transcription factors. It is expressed in fetal and adult brain as well as in several other organs such as the lung and gut. The protein product contains a

FOX DNA-binding domain and a large polyglutamine tract and is an evolutionarily conserved transcription factor, which may bind directly to approximately 300 to 400 gene promoters in the human genome to regulate

the expression of a variety of genes. This gene is required for proper development of speech and language regions of the brain during

embryogenesis, and may be involved in a variety of biological pathways and cascades that may ultimately influence language development. Mutations in

this gene cause speech-language disorder 1 (SPCH1), also known as

autosomal dominant speech and language disorder with orofacial dyspraxia. Multiple alternative transcripts encoding different isoforms have been

identified in this gene.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human FOXP2 (AA: 641-740) expressed in E.

Coli.

Formulation Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Additional Information

Gene ID 93986

Other Names Forkhead box protein P2, CAG repeat protein 44, Trinucleotide

repeat-containing gene 10 protein, FOXP2, CAGH44, TNRC10

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 E~~1/10000

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions FOXP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name FOXP2

Synonyms CAGH44, TNRC10

Function Transcriptional repressor that may play a role in the specification and

differentiation of lung epithelium. May also play a role in developing neural,

gastrointestinal and cardiovascular tissues. Can act with CTBP1 to

synergistically repress transcription but CTPBP1 is not essential. Plays a role

in synapse formation by regulating SRPX2 levels. Involved in neural mechanisms mediating the development of speech and language.

Cellular Location Nucleus.

Tissue Location Isoform 1 and isoform 6 are expressed in adult and fetal brain, caudate

nucleus and lung.

References

1.J Clin Pathol. 2013 Jul;66(7):563-8. 2.World J Biol Psychiatry. 2013 Mar;14(2):146-50.

Images

