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SLC27A5 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2263a

Product Information

Application WB, IHC, E Primary Accession Q9Y2P5

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Clone Names 4B11C10
Isotype IgG1
Calculated MW 75385

Description The protein encoded by this gene is an isozyme of very long-chain acyl-CoA

synthetase (VLCS). It is capable of activating very long-chain fatty-acids containing 24- and 26-carbons. It is expressed in liver and associated with endoplasmic reticulum but not with peroxisomes. Its primary role is in fatty acid elongation or complex lipid synthesis rather than in degradation. This

gene has a mouse ortholog.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human SLC27A5 (AA: 508-570) expressed in

E. Coli.

Formulation Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Additional Information

Gene ID 10998

Other Names Bile acyl-CoA synthetase, BACS, 6.2.1.7, Bile acid-CoA ligase, BA-CoA ligase,

BAL, Cholate--CoA ligase, Fatty acid transport protein 5, FATP-5,

Fatty-acid-coenzyme A ligase, very long-chain 3, Solute carrier family 27 member 5, Very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase homolog 2, VLCS-H2, VLCSH2, Very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase-related protein, VLACS-related, VLACSR,

SLC27A5, ACSB, ACSVL6, FACVL3, FATP5

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 E~~1/10000

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions SLC27A5 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name SLC27A5

Synonyms ACSB, ACSVL6, FACVL3, FATP5

Function

May mediate the import of long-chain fatty acids (LCFA) by facilitating their transport across cell membranes (PubMed:20448275, PubMed:20530735). Also catalyzes the ATP-dependent formation of fatty acyl-CoA using LCFA and very-long-chain fatty acids (VLCFA) as substrates (PubMed: 10479480). Mainly functions as a bile acyl-CoA synthetase catalyzing the activation of bile acids via ATP-dependent formation of bile acid CoA thioesters which is necessary for their subsequent conjugation with glycine or taurine (PubMed: 10749848, PubMed: 11980911). Both primary bile acids (cholic acid and chenodeoxycholic acid) and secondary bile acids (deoxycholic acid and lithocholic acid) are the principal substrates (PubMed: 10749848, PubMed: 11980911). In vitro, activates 3-alpha, 7-alpha, 12-alphatrihydroxy-5-beta-cholestanate ((25R)-3alpha,7alpha,12alpha-trihydroxy-5beta-cholestan-26-oate or THCA), the C27 precursor of cholic acid deriving from the de novo synthesis from cholesterol (PubMed: 11980911). Plays an important role in hepatic fatty acid uptake and bile acid reconjugation and recycling but not in de novo synthesis of bile acids (By similarity).

Cellular Location Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Microsome

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9ES38}. Cell membrane

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q4LDG0}; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location Predominantly expressed in liver.

References

1.Horm Metab Res. 2010 Nov;42(12):854-9. 2.Mol Nutr Food Res. 2007 Feb;51(2):185-91.

Images

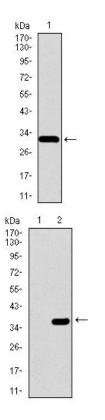


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using SLC27A5 mAb against human SLC27A5 recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 32.9 kDa)

Figure 2: Western blot analysis using SLC27A5 mAb against HEK293 (1) and SLC27A5 (AA: 508-570)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

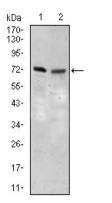


Figure 3: Western blot analysis using SLC27A5 mouse mAb against 3T3L1 (1) and NIH3T3 (2) cell lysate.

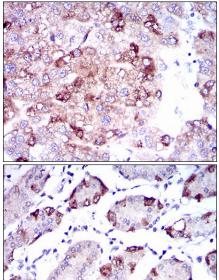


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded liver cancer tissues using SLC27A5 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Figure 5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded stomach tissues using SLC27A5 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.