

ALDH2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO2295a

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P05091
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	4G6A3
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	56381
Description	<p>This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Two major liver isoforms of aldehyde dehydrogenase, cytosolic and mitochondrial, can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobilities, kinetic properties, and subcellular localizations. Most Caucasians have two major isozymes, while approximately 50% of Orientals have the cytosolic isozyme but not the mitochondrial isozyme. A remarkably higher frequency of acute alcohol intoxication among Orientals than among Caucasians could be related to the absence of a catalytically active form of the mitochondrial isozyme. The increased exposure to acetaldehyde in individuals with the catalytically inactive form may also confer greater susceptibility to many types of cancer. This gene encodes a mitochondrial isoform, which has a low Km for acetaldehydes, and is localized in mitochondrial matrix. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.</p>
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human ALDH2 (AA: 317-517) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Additional Information

Gene ID	217
Other Names	Aldehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial, 1.2.1.3, ALDH class 2, ALDH-E2, ALDHI, ALDH2, ALDM
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ALDH2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ALDH2
Synonyms	ALDM
Function	Required for clearance of cellular formaldehyde, a cytotoxic and carcinogenic metabolite that induces DNA damage.
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion matrix.

References

1.Eur Heart J. 2012 Jul;33(13):1606-14. 2.Clin Toxicol (Phila). 2012 Apr;50(4):242-9.

Images

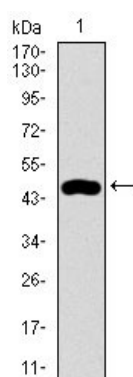


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using ALDH2 mAb against human ALDH2 recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 47.4 kDa)

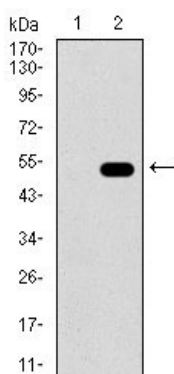


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using ALDH2 mAb against HEK293 (1) and ALDH2 (AA: 317-517)-hIgGfc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

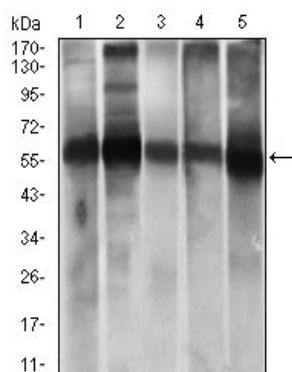


Figure 3: Western blot analysis using ALDH2 mouse mAb against HepG2 (1), A549 (2) cell lysate, and Rat liver (3), Mouse liver (4), Mouse brain (5) tissue lysate.

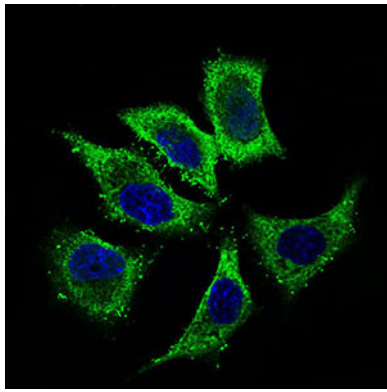


Figure 4: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using ALDH2 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

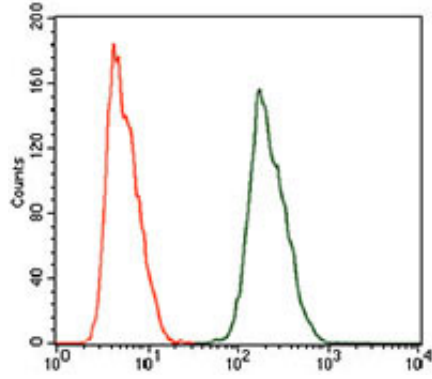


Figure 5: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells using ALDH2 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

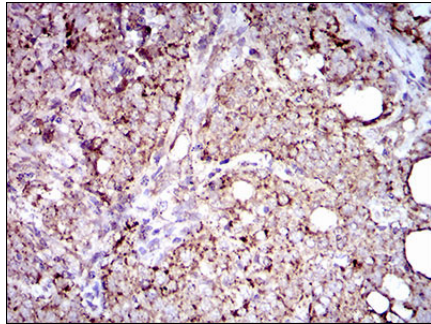


Figure 6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded cervical cancer tissues using ALDH2 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.