

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to PYCARD

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2343a

Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Clone Names Isotype Calculated MW Description	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E <u>Q9ULZ3</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal 1C3D3 Mouse IgG1 21627 This gene encodes an adaptor protein that is composed of two protein-protein interaction domains: a N-terminal PYRIN-PAAD-DAPIN domain (PYD) and a C-terminal caspase-recruitment domain (CARD). The PYD and CARD domains are members of the six-helix bundle death domain-fold superfamily that mediates assembly of large signaling complexes in the inflammatory and apoptotic signaling pathways via the activation of caspase. In normal cells, this protein is localized to the cytoplasm; however, in cells undergoing apoptosis, it forms ball-like aggregates near the nuclear periphery. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.;
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human PYCARD (AA: 1-120) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide
Application Note	ELISA: 1/10000; WB: 1/500 - 1/2000; IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000; ICC: 1/200 - 1/1000; FCM: 1/200 - 1/400

Additional Information

Gene ID	29108
Other Names	ASC; TMS; TMS1; CARD5; TMS-1
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to PYCARD is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Name	PYCARD {ECO:0000303 Ref.4, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:16608}
	PYCARD {ECO:0000303 Ref.4, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:16608} Functions as a key mediator in apoptosis and inflammation (PubMed:11103777, PubMed:12646168, PubMed:19158675, PubMed:19158676, PubMed:1252415, PubMed:19494289, PubMed:2188676, PubMed:1924215, PubMed:19494289, PubMed:21671, PubMed:24630722, PubMed:25847972, PubMed:30674671, PubMed:34678144, PubMed:36050480), Promotes caspase-mediated apoptosis involving predominantly caspase-8 and also caspase-9 in a probable cell type-specific manner (PubMed:11103777, PubMed:12646168). Involved in activation of the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway, promotes caspase-8-dependent proteolytic maturation of BID independently of FADD in certain cell types and also mediates mitochondrial translocation of BAX and activates BAX-dependent apoptosic coupled to activation of caspase-9, 2 and -3 (PubMed:14730312, PubMed:16964285). Involved in innate immune response by acting as an integral adapter in the assembly of various inflammasomes (NLRP1, NLRP2, NLRP3, NLRP6, AIM2 and probably IFI16) which recruit and activate caspase-1 leading to processing and secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:15030775, PubMed:19158675, PubMed:17349957, PubMed:15030775, PubMed:19158675, PubMed:25330044, PubMed:24630722, PubMed:21487011, PubMed:3243215, PubMed:21487011, PubMed:3243216, PubMed:324215, PubMed:21487011, PubMed:3243212, NubMed:326074671, PubMed:33380849, PubMed:34630722), Clustered PYCARD nucleates the formation of caspase-1 filaments through the interaction of their respective CARD domains, acting as a platform for of caspase-1 Netwed:17349957). In cooperation with NOD2 involved in an inflammasome activated by bacterial maramyl dipetide leading to caspase-1 activation (PubMed:17349957). In cooperation with NOD2 involved in an inflammasome activated by bacterial rearrangements coupled to chemotaxis and antigen uptake may be involved in post-transcriptional regulation of the guanine nucleotide exchange factor DOCK2; the latter function is proposed to i
	and activating interleukin-1 beta processing (PubMed: <u>16585594</u>). Modulates host resistance to DNA virus infection, probably by inducing the cleavage of and inactivating CGAS in presence of cytoplasmic double-stranded DNA (PubMed: <u>28314590</u>).

Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Inflammasome. Endoplasmic reticulum. Mitochondrion. Nucleus Note=Upstream of caspase activation, a redistribution from the cytoplasm to the aggregates occurs. These appear as hollow, perinuclear spherical, ball-like structures (PubMed:11103777, PubMed:12191486, PubMed:15030775). Upon NLRP3 inflammasome activation redistributes to the perinuclear space localizing to endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondria (PubMed:12191486, PubMed:15030775). Localized primarily to the nucleus in resting monocytes/macrophages and rapidly redistributed to the cytoplasm upon pathogen infection (PubMed:19234215). Localized to large cytoplasmic aggregate appearing as a speck containing AIM2, PYCARD, CASP8 and bacterial DNA after infection with Francisella tularensis (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9EPB4, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11103777, ECO:0000269 PubMed:12191486, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15030775, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19234215}
Tissue Location	Widely expressed at low levels. Detected in peripheral blood leukocytes, lung, small intestine, spleen, thymus, colon and at lower levels in placenta, liver and kidney. Very low expression in skeletal muscle, heart and brain. Expressed in lung epithelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:23229815). Detected in the leukemia cell lines HL-60 and U-937, but not in Jurkat T-cell lymphoma and Daudi Burkitt's lymphoma. Detected in the melanoma cell line WM35, but not in WM793. Not detected in HeLa cervical carcinoma cells and MOLT-4 lymphocytic leukemia cells.

References

1.J Invest Dermatol. 2013 Feb;133(2):518-27. ; 2.Cancer Sci. 2010 Aug;101(8):1822-7.;

Images



Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng);Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line:Antigen (100 ng)

Western blot analysis using PYCARD mAb against human PYCARD (AA: 1-120) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 39.2 kDa)

Western blot analysis using PYCARD mAb against HEK293 (1) and PYCARD (AA: 1-120)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2)



120 Counts 8

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cell lysate.





104

Immunofluorescence analysis of GC-7901 cells using PYCARD mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin. Secondary antibody from Fisher



Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cells using PYCARD mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin. Secondary antibody from Fisher



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded stomach cancer tissues using PYCARD mouse mAb with DAB staining.

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