

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to UHRF1

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO2454a

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
Primary Accession	Q96T88
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	1A1B1
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Calculated MW	89814
Description	This gene encodes a member of a subfamily of RING-finger type E3 ubiquitin ligases. The protein binds to specific DNA sequences, and recruits a histone deacetylase to regulate gene expression. Its expression peaks at late G1 phase and continues during G2 and M phases of the cell cycle. It plays a major role in the G1/S transition by regulating topoisomerase IIalpha and retinoblastoma gene expression, and functions in the p53-dependent DNA damage checkpoint. It is regarded as a hub protein for the integration of epigenetic information. This gene is up-regulated in various cancers, and it is therefore considered to be a therapeutic target. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. A related pseudogene exists on chromosome 12.;
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human UHRF1 (AA: 616-755) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide
Application Note	ELISA: 1/10000; WB: 1/500 - 1/2000; IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000; ICC: 1/200 - 1/1000; FCM: 1/200 - 1/400

Additional Information

Gene ID	29128
Other Names	Np95; hNP95; ICBP90; RNF106; TDRD22; hUHRF1; huNp95
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to UHRF1 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

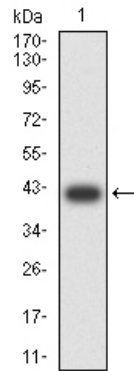
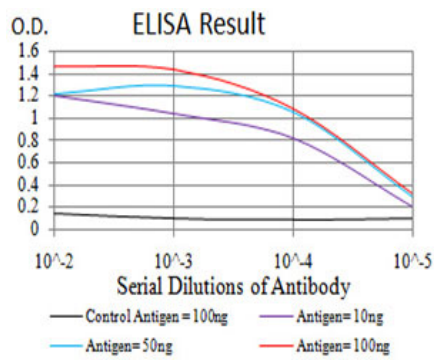
Name	UHRF1
Synonyms	ICBP90, NP95, RNF106
Function	Multidomain protein that acts as a key epigenetic regulator by bridging DNA methylation and chromatin modification. Specifically recognizes and binds hemimethylated DNA at replication forks via its YDG domain and recruits DNMT1 methyltransferase to ensure faithful propagation of the DNA methylation patterns through DNA replication. In addition to its role in maintenance of DNA methylation, also plays a key role in chromatin modification: through its tudor-like regions and PHD-type zinc fingers, specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 trimethylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me3) and unmethylated at 'Arg-2' (H3R2me0), respectively, and recruits chromatin proteins. Enriched in pericentric heterochromatin where it recruits different chromatin modifiers required for this chromatin replication. Also localizes to euchromatic regions where it negatively regulates transcription possibly by impacting DNA methylation and histone modifications. Has E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity by mediating the ubiquitination of target proteins such as histone H3 and PML. It is still unclear how E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity is related to its role in chromatin in vivo. Plays a role in DNA repair by cooperating with UHRF2 to ensure recruitment of FANCD2 to interstrand cross-links (ICLs) leading to FANCD2 activation. Acts as a critical player of proper spindle architecture by catalyzing the 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of KIF11, thereby controlling KIF11 localization on the spindle (PubMed: 37728657).
Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00358, ECO:0000269 PubMed:10646863, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17673620, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17967883, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19056828, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21777816, ECO:0000269 PubMed:30335751} Note=Associated, through the YDG domain (also called SRA domain), with replicating DNA from early to late S phase, including at replicating pericentric heterochromatin (By similarity). Also localizes to euchromatic regions. In non-S-phase cells, homogenously distributed through the nucleus (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8VDF2}
Tissue Location	Expressed in thymus, bone marrow, testis, lung and heart. Overexpressed in breast cancer.

References

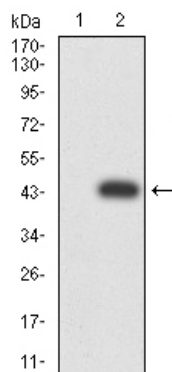
1.Biomarkers. 2015;20(3):183-8. ; 2.Med Oncol. 2013 Dec;30(4):613. ;

Images

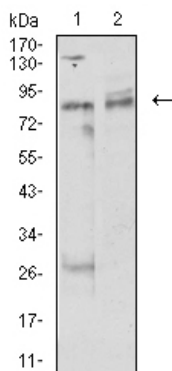
Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng);Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line:Antigen (100 ng)



Western blot analysis using UHRF1 mAb against human UHRF1 (AA: 616-755) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 41.8 kDa)

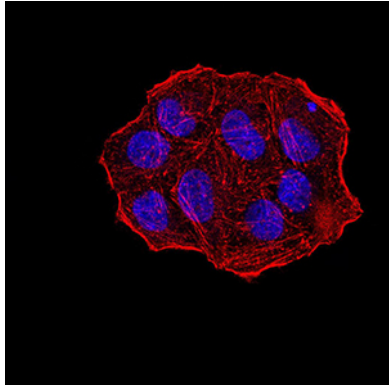
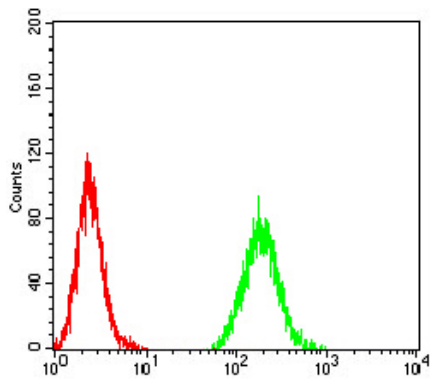


Western blot analysis using UHRF1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and UHRF1 (AA: 616-755)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

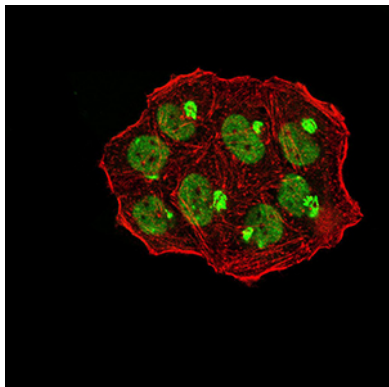


Western blot analysis using UHRF1 mouse mAb against MCF-7 (1) and Hela (2) cell lysate.

Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells using UHRF1 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using UHRF1 mouse mAb. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using UHRF1 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin. Secondary antibody from Fisher

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