

# Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to ASH2L

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2494a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, FC, E **Primary Accession** Q9UBL3

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Clone Names 6F6B9
Isotype Mouse IgG1
Calculated MW 68723

**Description** ASH2L (Ash2 (Absent, Small, Or Homeotic)-Like (Drosophila)) is a Protein

Coding gene. Diseases associated with ASH2L include Kabuki Syndrome 1. Among its related pathways are Developmental Biology and Signaling by Wnt. GO annotations related to this gene include transcription regulatory region DNA binding and histone methyltransferase activity (H3-K4 specific).;

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human ASH2L (AA: 493-628) expressed in E.

Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

**Application Note** ELISA: 1/10000; WB: 1/500 - 1/2000; IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000; FCM: 1/200 - 1/400

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 9070

Other Names ASH2; Bre2; ASH2L1; ASH2L2

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 E~~N/A

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to ASH2L is for research use only and not for use

in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name ASH2L

Synonyms ASH2L1

#### **Function**

Transcriptional regulator (PubMed: 12670868). Component or associated component of some histone methyltransferase complexes which regulates transcription through recruitment of those complexes to gene promoters (PubMed:19131338). Component of the Set1/Ash2 histone methyltransferase (HMT) complex, a complex that specifically methylates 'Lys-4' of histone H3, but not if the neighboring 'Lys-9' residue is already methylated (PubMed:19556245). As part of the MLL1/MLL complex it is involved in methylation and dimethylation at 'Lys-4' of histone H3 (PubMed:19556245). May play a role in hematopoiesis (PubMed:12670868). In association with RBBP5 and WDR5, stimulates the histone methyltransferase activities of KMT2A, KMT2B, KMT2C, KMT2D, SETD1A and SETD1B (PubMed:21220120, PubMed:22266653).

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus.

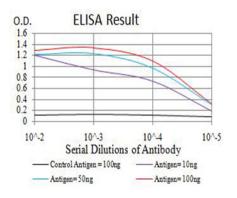
**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitously expressed. Predominantly expressed in adult heart and testis and fetal lung and liver, with barely detectable expression in adult lung, liver, kidney, prostate, and peripheral leukocytes.

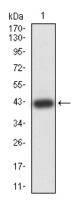
#### References

1.Mol Cell. 2013 Mar 28;49(6):1108-20.; 2.Nat Struct Mol Biol. 2006 Sep;13(9):852-4.;

## **Images**

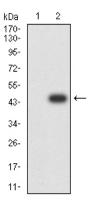


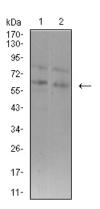
Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)



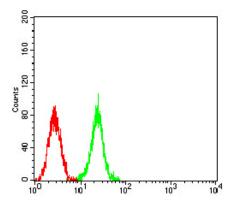
Western blot analysis using ASH2L mAb against human ASH2L (AA: 493-628) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 41.6 kDa)

Western blot analysis using ASH2L mAb against HEK293 (1) and ASH2L (AA: 493-628)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

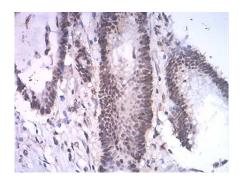




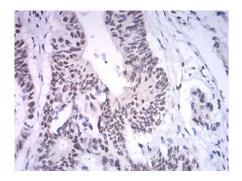
Western blot analysis using ASH2L mouse mAb against K562 (1) and F9 (2) cell lysate.



Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells using ASH2L mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded colon cancer tissues using ASH2L mouse mAb with DAB staining.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rectum cancer tissues using ASH2L mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.