

## BTRC

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody  
Catalog # AO2611a

### Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9Y297</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	3D5E6
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	68867
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human BTRC (AA: 24-151) expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

### Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	8945
<b>Other Names</b>	FWD1; FBW1A; FBXW1; bTrCP; FBXW1A; bTrCP1; betaTrCP; BETA-TRCP
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~ 1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 ICC~~N/A E~~ 1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	BTRC is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	BTRC
<b>Synonyms</b>	BTRCP, FBW1A, FBXW1A
<b>Function</b>	Substrate recognition component of a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex which mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed: <a href="#">10066435</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">10497169</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">10644755</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">10835356</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11158290</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11238952</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11359933</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11994270</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12791267</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12902344</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14603323</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14681206</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14988407</a> )

PubMed:[15448698](#), PubMed:[15917222](#), PubMed:[16371461](#),  
PubMed:[22017875](#), PubMed:[22017876](#), PubMed:[22017877](#),  
PubMed:[22087322](#), PubMed:[25503564](#), PubMed:[25704143](#),  
PubMed:[36608670](#), PubMed:[9859996](#), PubMed:[9990852](#)). Recognizes and binds to phosphorylated target proteins (PubMed:[10066435](#),  
PubMed:[10497169](#), PubMed:[10644755](#), PubMed:[10835356](#),  
PubMed:[11158290](#), PubMed:[11238952](#), PubMed:[11359933](#),  
PubMed:[11994270](#), PubMed:[12791267](#), PubMed:[12902344](#),  
PubMed:[14603323](#), PubMed:[14681206](#), PubMed:[14988407](#),  
PubMed:[15448698](#), PubMed:[15917222](#), PubMed:[16371461](#),  
PubMed:[22017875](#), PubMed:[22017876](#), PubMed:[22017877](#),  
PubMed:[22087322](#), PubMed:[25503564](#), PubMed:[25704143](#),  
PubMed:[36608670](#), PubMed:[9859996](#), PubMed:[9990852](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of CTNNB1 and participates in Wnt signaling (PubMed:[12077367](#), PubMed:[12820959](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of phosphorylated NFKB1, ATF4, CDC25A, DLG1, FBXO5, PER1, SMAD3, SMAD4, SNAI1 and probably NFKB2 (PubMed:[10835356](#),  
PubMed:[11238952](#), PubMed:[14603323](#), PubMed:[14681206](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of NFKBIA, NFKBIB and NFKBIE; the degradation frees the associated NFKB1 to translocate into the nucleus and to activate transcription (PubMed:[10066435](#), PubMed:[10497169](#), PubMed:[10644755](#),  
PubMed:[9859996](#)). Ubiquitination of NFKBIA occurs at 'Lys-21' and 'Lys- 22' (PubMed:[10066435](#)). The SCF(FBXW11) complex also regulates NF-kappa-B by mediating ubiquitination of phosphorylated NFKB1: specifically ubiquitinates the p105 form of NFKB1, leading to its degradation (PubMed:[10835356](#),  
PubMed:[11158290](#), PubMed:[14673179](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of CEP68; this is required for centriole separation during mitosis (PubMed:[25503564](#), PubMed:[25704143](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of nuclear NFE2L1 (By similarity). Has an essential role in the control of the clock- dependent transcription via degradation of phosphorylated PER1 and PER2 (PubMed:[15917222](#)). May be involved in ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation through a DDB1-CUL4 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase. Required for activation of NFKB-mediated transcription by IL1B, MAP3K14, MAP3K1, IKBKB and TNF. Required for proteolytic processing of GLI3 (PubMed:[16371461](#)). Mediates ubiquitination of REST, thereby leading to its proteasomal degradation (PubMed:[18354482](#), PubMed:[21258371](#)). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of KLF4; thereby negatively regulating cell pluripotency maintenance and embryogenesis (By similarity). SCF(BTRC) acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling pathway by catalyzing ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of phosphorylated DEPTOR, TFE3 and MITF (PubMed:[22017875](#),  
PubMed:[22017876](#), PubMed:[22017877](#), PubMed:[33110214](#),  
PubMed:[36608670](#)). SCF(BTRC) directs 'Lys-48'-linked ubiquitination of UBR2 in the T-cell receptor signaling pathway (PubMed:[38225265](#)).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3ULA2}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3ULA2}

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in epididymis (at protein level).

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**References**

1.Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2013 Nov 29;441(4):831-7.2.PLoS One. 2011;6(11):e27464.

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**Images**

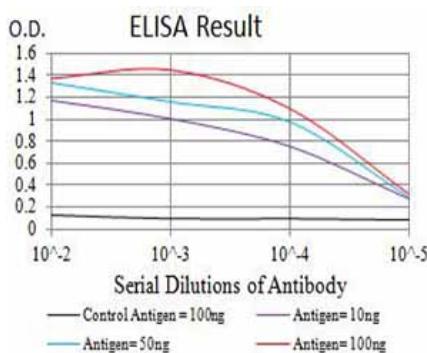


Figure 1: Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)

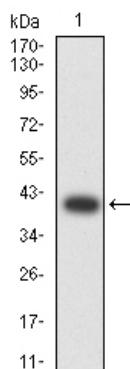


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using BTRC mAb against human BTRC (AA: 24-151) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 40.2 kDa)

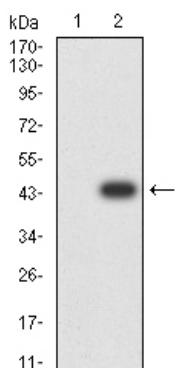


Figure 3: Western blot analysis using BTRC mAb against HEK293 (1) and BTRC (AA: 24-151)-hIgGFC transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

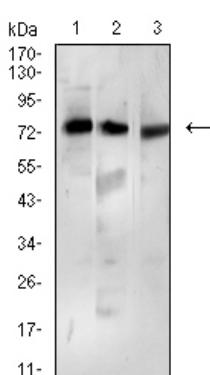


Figure 4: Western blot analysis using BTRC mouse mAb against Ramos (1), MCF-7 (2), and K562 (3) cell lysate.

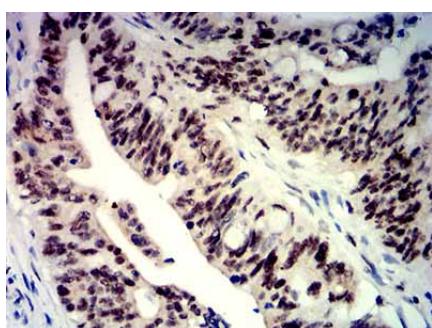


Figure 5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rectum cancer tissues using BTRC mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.