

FGF2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP10131C

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, E

Primary Accession P09038

Other Accession P13109, P48799, P15655, P48800, P03969, NP 001997.5

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Chicken, Bovine

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB21706Calculated MW30770Antigen Region163-191

Additional Information

Gene ID 2247

Other Names Fibroblast growth factor 2, FGF-2, Basic fibroblast growth factor, bFGF,

Heparin-binding growth factor 2, HBGF-2, FGF2, FGFB

Target/Specificity This FGF2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 163-191 amino acids from the Central

region of human FGF2.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions FGF2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name FGF2

Synonyms FGFB

Function

Acts as a ligand for FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: <u>8663044</u>). Also acts as an integrin ligand which is required for FGF2 signaling (PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Binds to integrin ITGAV:ITGB3 (PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, cell differentiation and cell migration (PubMed: <u>28302677</u>, PubMed: <u>8663044</u>). Functions as a potent mitogen in vitro (PubMed: <u>1721615</u>, PubMed: <u>3732516</u>, PubMed: <u>3964259</u>). Can induce angiogenesis (PubMed: <u>23469107</u>, PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Mediates phosphorylation of ERK1/2 and thereby promotes retinal lens fiber differentiation (PubMed: <u>29501879</u>).

Cellular Location

Secreted. Nucleus. Note=Exported from cells by an endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism. Unconventional secretion of FGF2 occurs by direct translocation across the plasma membrane (PubMed:20230531). Binding of exogenous FGF2 to FGFR facilitates endocytosis followed by translocation of FGF2 across endosomal membrane into the cytosol (PubMed:22321063). Nuclear import from the cytosol requires the classical nuclear import machinery, involving proteins KPNA1 and KPNB1, as well as CEP57 (PubMed:22321063)

Tissue Location

Expressed in granulosa and cumulus cells. Expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma cells, but not in non-cancerous liver tissue.

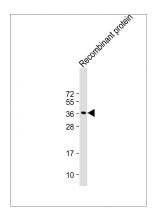
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members bind heparin and possess broad mitogenic and angiogenic activities. This protein has been implicated in diverse biological processes, such as limb and nervous system development, wound healing, and tumor growth. The mRNA for this gene contains multiple polyadenylation sites, and is alternatively translated from non-AUG (CUG) and AUG initiation codons, resulting in five different isoforms with distinct properties. The CUG-initiated isoforms are localized in the nucleus and are responsible for the intracrine effect, whereas, the AUG-initiated form is mostly cytosolic and is responsible for the paracrine and autocrine effects of this FGF. [provided by RefSeq].

References

Romero, R., et al. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 203 (4), 361 (2010):
Harfouche, G., et al. Stem Cells 28(9):1639-1648(2010)
Nikopensius, T., et al. Birth Defects Res. Part A Clin. Mol. Teratol. 88(9):748-756(2010)
Markowska, A.I., et al. J. Exp. Med. 207(9):1981-1993(2010)
Arnaud, E., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 19(1):505-514(1999)

Images



Anti-FGF2 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution + Recombinant protein Lysates/proteins at 20ng per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.