

FBXO2 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP10212b

Product Information

Application	FC, WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9UK22
Other Accession	Q80UW2 , NP_036300.2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB24595
Calculated MW	33328
Antigen Region	244-271

Additional Information

Gene ID	26232
Other Names	F-box only protein 2, FBXO2, FBX2
Target/Specificity	This FBXO2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 244-271 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human FBXO2.
Dilution	FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	FBXO2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	FBXO2
Synonyms	FBX2
Function	Substrate recognition component of a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex that mediates the ubiquitination and

subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. Involved in the endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation pathway (ERAD) for misfolded luminal proteins by recognizing and binding sugar chains on unfolded glycoproteins that are retrotranslocated into the cytosol and promoting their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation. Prevents formation of cytosolic aggregates of unfolded glycoproteins that have been retrotranslocated into the cytosol. Able to recognize and bind denatured glycoproteins, preferentially those of the high-mannose type (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Microsome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side

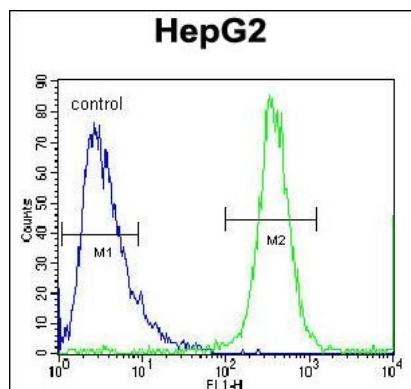
Background

This gene encodes a member of the F-box protein family which is characterized by an approximately 40 amino acid motif, the F-box. The F-box proteins constitute one of the four subunits of the ubiquitin protein ligase complex called SCFs (SKP1-cullin-F-box), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination. The F-box proteins are divided into 3 classes: Fbws containing WD-40 domains, Fbls containing leucine-rich repeats, and Fbxs containing either different protein-protein interaction modules or no recognizable motifs. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Fbxs class. This protein is highly similar to the rat NFB42 (neural F Box 42 kDa) protein which is enriched in the nervous system and may play a role in maintaining neurons in a postmitotic state.

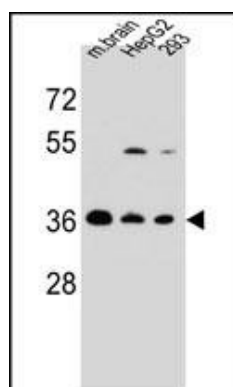
References

Eom, C.Y., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 100(17):9803-9807(2003) Ilyin, G.P., et al. Gene 296 (1-2), 11-20 (2002) : Yoshida, Y., et al. Nature 418(6896):438-442(2002) Winston, J.T., et al. Curr. Biol. 9(20):1180-1182(1999) Cenciarelli, C., et al. Curr. Biol. 9(20):1177-1179(1999)

Images



FBXO2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10212b) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.



FBXO2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10212b) western blot analysis in mouse brain tissue and HepG2,293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the FBXO2 antibody detected the FBXO2 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.