

SLC16A11 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP10914a

Product Information

Application IHC-P, FC, WB, E

Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Q8NCK7
NP_699188.1
Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB28743Calculated MW47791Antigen Region48-76

Additional Information

Gene ID 162515

Other Names Monocarboxylate transporter 11, MCT 11, Solute carrier family 16 member 11,

SLC16A11, MCT11

Target/SpecificityThis SLC16A11 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 48-76 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human SLC16A11.

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions SLC16A11 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name SLC16A11

Synonyms MCT11

Function

Proton-linked monocarboxylate transporter. It catalyzes the transport of pyruvate across the plasma membrane (PubMed:<u>28666119</u>). Probably involved in hepatic lipid metabolism: overexpression results in an increase of triacylglycerol(TAG) levels, small increases in intracellular diacylglycerols and decreases in lysophosphatidylcholine, cholesterol ester and sphingomyelin lipids (PubMed:<u>24390345</u>).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Expressed in liver, salivary gland and thyroid.

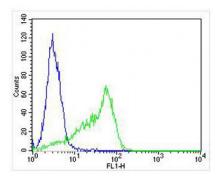
Background

Proton-linked monocarboxylate transporter. Catalyzes the rapid transport across the plasma membrane of many monocarboxylates (By similarity).

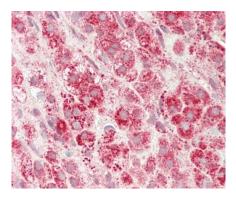
References

Halestrap, A.P., et al. Pflugers Arch. 447(5):619-628(2004)

Images

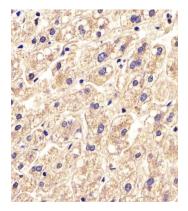


Overlay histogram showing HT-29 cells stained with AP10914a (green line). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP10914a, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) (1583138) at 1/400 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

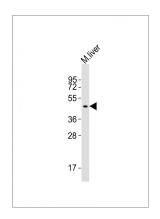


Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded H.adrenal tissue tissue reacted with SLC16A11 Antibody (N-term) (Cat#AP10914a).

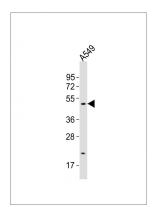
AP10914a staining SLC16A11 in Human liver tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0. 5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent



antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Anti-SLC16A11 Antibody (N-term)at 1:1000 dilution + mouse liver lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 48 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Anti-SLC16A11 Antibody (N-term)at 1:500 dilution + A549 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 48 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.