

# RAB12 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP11360a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, E **Primary Accession** Q6IQ22

Other Accession <u>P35284</u>, <u>P35283</u>, <u>NP 001020471.2</u>

**Reactivity** Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB29057
Calculated MW 27248
Antigen Region 63-92

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 201475

**Other Names** Ras-related protein Rab-12, RAB12

**Target/Specificity** This RAB12 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 63-92 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human RAB12.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** RAB12 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

**Name** RAB12 ( <u>HGNC:31332</u>)

**Function** The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane

trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active

GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different sets of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion (By similarity). RAB12 may play a role in protein transport from recycling endosomes to lysosomes regulating, for instance, the degradation of the transferrin receptor. Involved in autophagy (By similarity).

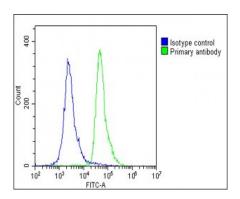
#### **Cellular Location**

Recycling endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35283}; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Lysosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35283}; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P51152}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35283}

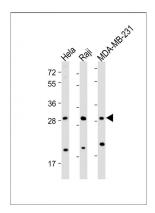
## References

Gerhard, D.S., et al. Genome Res. 14 (10B), 2121-2127 (2004):

## **Images**



Overlay histogram showing U-2 OS cells stained with AP11360a(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP11360a, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(1583138) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.



All lanes: Anti-RAB12 Antibody (N-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: Raji whole cell lysate Lane 3: MDA-MB-231 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 27 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.