

# IGKV A18 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP11694b

## Product Information

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Application	WB, FC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">A2NJV5</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P01631</a> , <a href="#">P06310</a> , <a href="#">P06309</a> , <a href="#">P01617</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB19450
Calculated MW	13085
Antigen Region	80-107

## Additional Information

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Other Names	IGKV A18
Target/Specificity	This IGKV A18 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 80-107 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human IGKV A18.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	IGKV A18 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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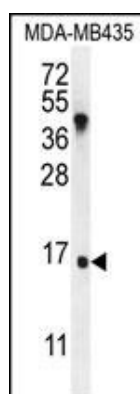
Name	IGKV2-29 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:11549845, ECO:0000303   Ref.4}
Function	V region of the variable domain of immunoglobulin light chains that participates in the antigen recognition (PubMed: <a href="#">24600447</a> ). Immunoglobulins, also known as antibodies, are membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, the membrane-bound immunoglobulins serve as

receptors which, upon binding of a specific antigen, trigger the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulins-secreting plasma cells. Secreted immunoglobulins mediate the effector phase of humoral immunity, which results in the elimination of bound antigens (PubMed:[20176268](#), PubMed:[22158414](#)). The antigen binding site is formed by the variable domain of one heavy chain, together with that of its associated light chain. Thus, each immunoglobulin has two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. The variable domains are assembled by a process called V-(D)-J rearrangement and can then be subjected to somatic hypermutations which, after exposure to antigen and selection, allow affinity maturation for a particular antigen (PubMed:[17576170](#), PubMed:[20176268](#)).

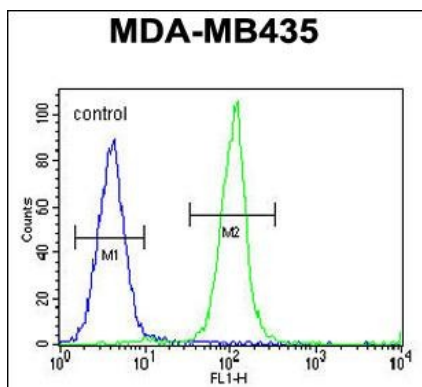
## Cellular Location

Secreted. Cell membrane

## Images



IGKV A18 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP11694b) western blot analysis in MDA-MB435 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the IGKVA18 antibody detected the IGKVA18 protein (arrow).



IGKV A18 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP11694b) flow cytometric analysis of MDA-MB435 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.