

RPL23 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12578c

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** P62829

Other Accession P62832, P62831, P62830, Q6PC14, Q3T057, NP 000969.1

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse **Predicted** Bovine, Zebrafish, Pig, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB31322
Calculated MW 14865
Antigen Region 49-78

Additional Information

Gene ID 9349

Other Names 60S ribosomal protein L23, 60S ribosomal protein L17, RPL23

Target/Specificity This RPL23 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 49-78 amino acids from the Central

region of human RPL23.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions RPL23 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name RPL23

Function Component of the large ribosomal subunit. The ribosome is a large

ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the synthesis of proteins in the

cell.

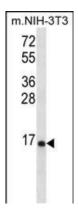
Background

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L14P family of ribosomal proteins. It is located in the cytoplasm. This gene has been referred to as rpL17 because the encoded protein shares amino acid identity with ribosomal protein L17 from Saccharomyces cerevisiae; however, its official symbol is RPL23. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

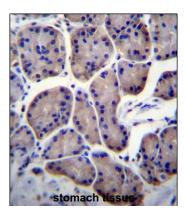
References

Gehring, N.H., et al. Cell 137(3):536-548(2009) Wanzel, M., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 10(9):1051-1061(2008) Rush, J., et al. Nat. Biotechnol. 23(1):94-101(2005) Jin, A., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(17):7669-7680(2004)

Images



RPL23 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12578c) western blot analysis in mouse NIH-3T3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the RPL23 antibody detected the RPL23 protein (arrow).



RPL23 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12578c)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human stomach tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of RPL23 Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Citations

• EBP2, a novel NPM-ALK-interacting protein in the nucleolus, contributes to the proliferation of ALCL cells by regulating tumor suppressor p53

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.