

RPL15 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12772A

Product Information

Application IHC-P, FC, WB, E

Primary Accession P61313

Other Accession P61314, Q9CZM2, Q4R5B2, Q5EAD6, NP 002939.2

Reactivity Human, Mouse **Predicted** Bovine, Monkey, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB27525Calculated MW24146Antigen Region21-50

Additional Information

Gene ID 6138

Other Names 60S ribosomal protein L15, RPL15, EC45

Target/Specificity This RPL15 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 21-50 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human RPL15.

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions RPL15 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name RPL15

Synonyms EC45

Function Component of the large ribosomal subunit. The ribosome is a large

ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the synthesis of proteins in the

cell.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

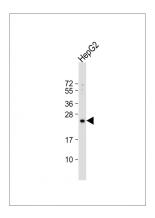
Background

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L15E family of ribosomal proteins. It is located in the cytoplasm. This gene shares sequence similarity with the yeast ribosomal protein YL10 gene. Although this gene has been referred to as RPL10, its official symbol is RPL15. This gene has been shown to be overexpressed in some esophageal tumors compared to normal matched tissues. Transcript variants utilizing alternative polyA signals exist. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

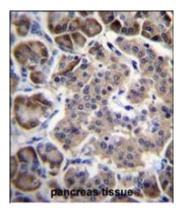
References

Wheeler, H.E., et al. PLoS Genet. 5 (10), E1000685 (2009): Wang, H., et al. BMC Cancer 6, 91 (2006): Andersen, J.S., et al. Nature 433(7021):77-83(2005) Kapp, L.D., et al. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 73, 657-704 (2004): Mazumder, B., et al. Cell 115(2):187-198(2003)

Images

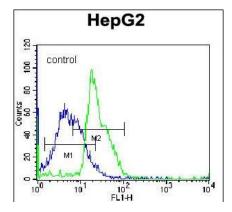


Anti-RPL15 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 24 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



RPL15 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12772a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human pancreas tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of RPL15 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

RPL15 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12772a) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram)



compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated donkey-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.