

WIPI2 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13314a

Product Information

| Application | WB, IHC-P, E |
|-------------------|--|
| Primary Accession | <u>Q9Y4P8</u> |
| Other Accession | <u>NP_001028690.1</u> , <u>NP_057087.2</u> , <u>NP_001028691.1</u> |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Clone Names | RB33312 |
| Calculated MW | 49408 |
| Antigen Region | 4-32 |

Additional Information

| Gene ID | 26100 |
|--------------------|--|
| Other Names | WD repeat domain phosphoinositide-interacting protein 2, WIPI-2, WIPI49-like protein 2, WIPI2 |
| Target/Specificity | This WIPI2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 4-32 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human WIPI2. |
| Dilution | WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration. |
| Format | Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification. |
| Storage | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Precautions | WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

Protein Information

| Name | WIPI2 (<u>HGNC:32225</u>) |
|----------|---|
| Function | Component of the autophagy machinery that controls the major intracellular degradation process by which cytoplasmic materials are packaged into autophagosomes and delivered to lysosomes for degradation |

| | (PubMed:20505359, PubMed:28561066). Involved in an early step of the formation of preautophagosomal structures (PubMed:20505359, PubMed:28561066). Binds and is activated by phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate (PtdIns3P) forming on membranes of the endoplasmic reticulum upon activation of the upstream ULK1 and PI3 kinases (PubMed:28561066). Mediates ER-isolation membranes contacts by interacting with the ULK1:RB1CC1 complex and PtdIns3P (PubMed:28890335). Once activated, WIPI2 recruits at phagophore assembly sites the ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex that directly controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane (PubMed:20505359, PubMed:28561066). |
|-------------------|---|
| Cellular Location | Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Localizes to omegasomes membranes which are endoplasmic reticulum connected structures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures. Enriched at preautophagosomal structure membranes in response to PtdIns3P. |
| Tissue Location | Ubiquitously expressed (at protein level). Highly expressed in heart, skeletal muscle and pancreas. Expression is down- regulated in pancreatic and in kidney tumors |

Background

WD40 repeat proteins are key components of many essential biologic functions. They regulate the assembly of multiprotein complexes by presenting a beta-propeller platform for simultaneous and reversible protein-protein interactions. Members of the WIPI subfamily of WD40 repeat proteins, such as WIPI2, have a 7-bladed propeller structure and contain a conserved motif for interaction with phospholipids (Proikas-Cezanne et al., 2004 [PubMed 15602573]).

References

Sugiyama, N., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 6(6):1103-1109(2007) Proikas-Cezanne, T., et al. Oncogene 23(58):9314-9325(2004) Simpson, J.C., et al. EMBO Rep. 1(3):287-292(2000)

Images



WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13314a) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the WIPI2 antibody detected the WIPI2 protein (arrow).

WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13314a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) for



immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Citations

• Defects of Vps15 in skeletal muscles lead to autophagic vacuolar myopathy and lysosomal disease.

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