

# Mouse Itk Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13916a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** Q03526

Other Accession Q08881, NP\_034713.2 Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB34475
Calculated MW 72292
Antigen Region 24-53

# **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 16428

Other Names Tyrosine-protein kinase ITK/TSK, IL-2-inducible T-cell kinase, Kinase EMT,

Kinase TLK, T-cell-specific kinase, Itk, Emt, Tlk, Tsk

**Target/Specificity**This Mouse Itk antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 24-53 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of mouse Itk.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Mouse Itk Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name Itk

**Synonyms** Emt, Tlk, Tsk

**Function** Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulation of the adaptive

immune response. Regulates the development, function and differentiation of conventional T-cells and nonconventional NKT-cells. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a series of phosphorylation lead to the recruitment of ITK to the cell membrane, in the vicinity of the stimulated TCR receptor, where it is phosphorylated by LCK. Phosphorylation leads to ITK autophosphorylation and full activation. Once activated, phosphorylates PLCG1, leading to the activation of this lipase and subsequent cleavage of its substrates. In turn, the endoplasmic reticulum releases calcium in the cytoplasm and the nuclear activator of activated T-cells (NFAT) translocates into the nucleus to perform its transcriptional duty. Phosphorylates 2 essential adapter proteins: the linker for activation of T-cells/LAT protein and LCP2. Then, a large number of signaling molecules such as VAV1 are recruited and ultimately lead to lymphokine production, T-cell proliferation and differentiation. Required for TCR- mediated calcium response in gamma-delta T-cells, may also be involved in the modulation of the transcriptomic signature in the Vgamma2- positive subset of immature gamma-delta T-cells (PubMed:23562159). Phosphorylates TBX21 at 'Tyr-525' and mediates its interaction with GATA3 (PubMed: 15662016).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Localizes in the vicinity of cell surface receptors in the plasma membrane after receptor stimulation.

#### **Tissue Location**

Is detected in the thymus, lymph node and very faintly in the spleen, but is not detected in the liver, lung, kidney, heart, brain, intestine or testis. Expressed in T-lymphocytes and mast cells. It may also be expressed in natural killer cells

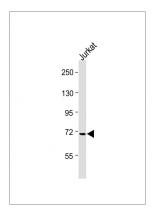
# **Background**

Itk may play a role in T-cell development, potentially in thymic selection.

## References

Joseph, R.E., et al. J. Mol. Biol. 403(2):231-242(2010) Dierks, C., et al. Cancer Res. 70(15):6193-6204(2010) Grasis, J.A., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 30(14):3596-3609(2010) Xia, M., et al. J. Immunol. 184(12):6807-6814(2010) Sahu, N., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (6), E11348 (2010):

# **Images**



All lanes: Anti-Mouse Itk Antibody (N-term) at 1:500 dilution Lane 1: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 70kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.