

MCM3 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14026a

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession P25205

Other Accession <u>P25206</u>, <u>A4FUD9</u>, <u>NP 002379.2</u>

Reactivity Human Bovine, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB34044
Calculated MW 90981
Antigen Region 36-64

Additional Information

Gene ID 4172

Other Names DNA replication licensing factor MCM3, DNA polymerase alpha

holoenzyme-associated protein P1, P1-MCM3, RLF subunit beta, p102, MCM3

Target/Specificity This MCM3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 36-64 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human MCM3.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions MCM3 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MCM3 (HGNC:6945)

Function Acts as a component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the

replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation

and elongation in eukaryotic cells. Core component of CDC45-MCM-GINS (CMG) helicase, the molecular machine that unwinds template DNA during replication, and around which the replisome is built (PubMed:32453425, PubMed:34694004, PubMed:34700328, PubMed:35585232). The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity (PubMed:32453425). Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division (Probable).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Associated with chromatin before the formation of nuclei and detaches from it as DNA replication progresses.

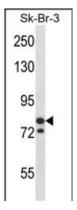
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is one of the highly conserved mini-chromosome maintenance proteins (MCM) that are involved in the initiation of eukaryotic genome replication. The hexameric protein complex formed by MCM proteins is a key component of the pre-replication complex (pre_RC) and may be involved in the formation of replication forks and in the recruitment of other DNA replication related proteins. This protein is a subunit of the protein complex that consists of MCM2-7. It has been shown to interact directly with MCM5/CDC46. This protein also interacts with, and thus is acetlyated by MCM3AP, a chromatin-associated acetyltransferase. The acetylation of this protein inhibits the initiation of DNA replication and cell cycle progression. [provided by RefSeq].

References

Lau, K.M., et al. Oncogene 29(40):5475-5489(2010) Olson, J.E., et al. Breast Cancer Res. Treat. (2010) In press: Lee, Y.S., et al. Exp. Mol. Pathol. 88(1):138-142(2010) Song, Y.J., et al. Acta Virol. 54(2):125-130(2010) Saade, E., et al. Proteomics 9(21):4934-4943(2009)

Images



MCM3 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP14026a) western blot analysis in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MCM3 antibody detected the MCM3 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.