

SPN/CD43 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14085c

Product Information

Application Primary Accession	WB, IHC-P, E <u>P16150</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_001025459.1</u> , <u>NP_003114.1</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB34706
Calculated MW	40322
Antigen Region	230-257

Additional Information

Gene ID	6693
Other Names	Leukosialin, Galactoglycoprotein, GALGP, Leukocyte sialoglycoprotein, Sialophorin, CD43, SPN, CD43
Target/Specificity	This SPN/CD43 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 230-257 amino acids from the Central region of human SPN/CD43.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SPN/CD43 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SPN
Synonyms	CD43
Function	Predominant cell surface sialoprotein of leukocytes which regulates

	multiple T-cell functions, including T-cell activation, proliferation, differentiation, trafficking and migration. Positively regulates T-cell trafficking to lymph-nodes via its association with ERM proteins (EZR, RDX and MSN) (By similarity). Negatively regulates Th2 cell differentiation and predisposes the differentiation of T-cells towards a Th1 lineage commitment. Promotes the expression of IFN-gamma by T-cells during T-cell receptor (TCR) activation of naive cells and induces the expression of IFN-gamma by CD4(+) T-cells and to a lesser extent by CD8(+) T-cells (PubMed: <u>18036228</u>). Plays a role in preparing T-cells for cytokine sensing and differentiation into effector cells by inducing the expression of cytokine receptors IFNGR and IL4R, promoting IFNGR and IL4R signaling and by mediating the clustering of IFNGR with TCR (PubMed: <u>24328034</u>). Acts as a major E-selectin ligand responsible for Th17 cell rolling on activated vasculature and recruitment during inflammation. Mediates Th17 cells, but not Th1 cells, adhesion to E- selectin. Acts as a T-cell counter-receptor for SIGLEC1 (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, microvillus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P13838}. Cell projection, uropodium {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P15702}. Note=Localizes to the uropodium and microvilli via its interaction with ERM proteins (EZR, RDX and MSN) {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P13838, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P15702}
Tissue Location	Cell surface of thymocytes, T-lymphocytes, neutrophils, plasma cells and myelomas

Background

Sialophorin (leukosialin) is a major sialoglycoprotein on the surface of human T lymphocytes, monocytes, granulocytes, and some B lymphocytes, which appears to be important for immune function and may be part of a physiologic ligand-receptor complex involved in T-cell activation.

References

Urano-Tashiro, Y., et al. Infect. Immun. 76(10):4686-4691(2008) Mambole, A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 283(35):23627-23635(2008) Seethala, R.R., et al. Appl. Immunohistochem. Mol. Morphol. 16(2):165-172(2008) Khunkaewla, P., et al. Mol. Immunol. 45(6):1703-1711(2008) Rawal, A., et al. Arch. Pathol. Lab. Med. 131(11):1673-1678(2007)

Images



(AP14085c)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin



fixed and paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of SPN/CD43 Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.