

ORAI1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14588B

Product Information

Application Primary Accession	WB, E <u>Q96D31</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_116179.2</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB34574
Calculated MW	32668
Antigen Region	269-298

Additional Information

Gene ID	84876
Other Names	Calcium release-activated calcium channel protein 1, Protein orai-1, Transmembrane protein 142A, ORAI1, CRACM1, TMEM142A
Target/Specificity	This ORAI1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 269-298 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ORAI1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	ORAI1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ORAI1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:16921383, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:25896}
Function	Pore-forming subunit of two major inward rectifying Ca(2+) channels at the plasma membrane: Ca(2+) release-activated Ca(2+) (CRAC) channels and

	arachidonate-regulated Ca(2+)-selective (ARC) channels (Probable) (PubMed:16645049, PubMed:16733527, PubMed:19706554, PubMed:23307288, PubMed:26956484, PubMed:28219928). Assembles with ORAI2 and ORAI3 to form hexameric CRAC channels that mediate Ca(2+) influx upon depletion of endoplasmic reticulum Ca(2+) store and channel activation by Ca(2+) sensor STIM1, a process known as store-operated Ca(2+) entry (SOCE). Various pore subunit combinations may account for distinct CRAC channel spatiotemporal and cell-type specific dynamics. ORAI1 mainly contributes to the generation of Ca(2+) plateaus involved in sustained Ca(2+) entry and is dispensable for cytosolic Ca(2+) oscillations, whereas ORAI2 and ORAI3 generate oscillatory patterns. CRAC channels assemble in Ca(2+) signaling microdomains where Ca(2+) influx is coupled to calmodulin and calcineurin signaling and activation of NFAT transcription factors recruited to ORAI1 via AKAP5. Activates NFATC2/NFAT1 and NFATC3/NFAT4-mediated transcriptional responses. CRAC channels are the main pathway for Ca(2+) influx in T cells and promote the immune response to pathogens by activating NFAT-dependent cytokine and chemokine transcription (PubMed:16582901, PubMed:17442569, PubMed:26221052, PubMed:20354224, PubMed:22641696, PubMed:26221052, PubMed:32415068, PubMed:33941685). Assembles with ORAI3 to form channels that mediate store-independent Ca(2+) influx in response to inflammatory metabolites arachidonate or its derivative leukotriene C4, termed ARC and LRC channels respectively (PubMed:19622606, PubMed:32415068). Plays a prominent role in Ca(2+) influx at the basolateral membrane of mammary epithelial cells independently of the Ca(2+) content of endoplasmic reticulum or Golgi stores. May mediate transepithelial transport of large quantities of Ca(2+) for milk secretion (By similarity) (PubMed:20887894).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BWG9}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Upon store depletion, colocalizes with STIM1 in membrane punctae at ER-PM junctions (PubMed:19182790, PubMed:19249086, PubMed:26221052, PubMed:27185316) [Isoform beta]: Cell membrane
Tissue Location	Expressed in naive CD4 and CD8 T cells (at protein level) (PubMed:26956484). Expressed at similar levels in naive and effector T helper cells (PubMed:20354224)

Background

CRACM1 is a plasma membrane protein essential for store-operated calcium entry (Vig et al., 2006 [PubMed 16645049]).

References

Feng, M., et al. Cell 143(1):84-98(2010) Kawasaki, T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(33):25720-25730(2010) Motiani, R.K., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(25):19173-19183(2010) Zhou, Y., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(11):4896-4901(2010) Bogeski, I., et al. Sci Signal 3 (115), RA24 (2010) :

Images

Anti-ORAI1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution + A549 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.



Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 33 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.