

# **UBE2D2** Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14752b

### **Product Information**

Application WB, E Primary Accession P62837

Other Accession P62840, P62839, P62838, Q1RMX2, NP 003330.1, NP 862821.1

Reactivity Human

**Predicted** Bovine, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB34955Calculated MW16735Antigen Region112-140

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 7322

Other Names Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 D2, Ubiquitin carrier protein D2,

Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2(17)KB 2, Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-17 kDa 2, Ubiquitin-protein ligase D2, p53-regulated ubiquitin-conjugating

enzyme 1, UBE2D2, PUBC1, UBC4, UBC5B, UBCH4, UBCH5B

**Target/Specificity** This UBE2D2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 112-140 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human UBE2D2.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** UBE2D2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name UBE2D2

#### **Synonyms**

PUBC1, UBC4, UBC5B, UBCH4, UBCH5B

#### **Function**

Accepts ubiquitin from the E1 complex and catalyzes its covalent attachment to other proteins (PubMed:10329681, PubMed:18042044, PubMed: 18703417, PubMed: 20061386, PubMed: 20403326, PubMed:20525694, PubMed:26475854, PubMed:28322253). Catalyzes 'Lys-48'- linked polyubiquitination (PubMed: 10329681, PubMed: 18042044, PubMed: 18359941, PubMed: 18703417, PubMed: 20061386, PubMed: <u>20403326</u>, PubMed: <u>20525694</u>, PubMed: <u>26475854</u>). Mediates the selective degradation of short-lived and abnormal proteins (PubMed: 10329681, PubMed: 18042044, PubMed: 18359941, PubMed: 18703417, PubMed: 20061386, PubMed: 20403326, PubMed:20525694, PubMed:26475854). Functions in the E6/E6-AP-induced ubiquitination of p53/TP53 (PubMed: 15280377). Mediates ubiquitination of PEX5 and SQSTM1 and autoubiquitination of STUB1 and TRAF6 (PubMed:18359941, PubMed:28322253). Involved in the signal-induced conjugation and subsequent degradation of NFKBIA, FBXW2-mediated GCM1 ubiquitination and degradation, MDM2-dependent degradation of p53/TP53 and the activation of MAVS in the mitochondria by RIGI in response to viral infection (PubMed: 18703417, PubMed: 20403326). Essential for viral activation of IRF3 (PubMed: 19854139).

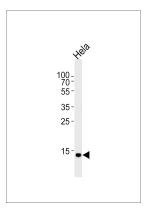
# **Background**

The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, or E1s, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, or E2s, and ubiquitin-protein ligases, or E3s. This gene encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. This enzyme functions in the ubiquitination of the tumor-suppressor protein p53, which is induced by an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene and they encode distinct isoforms.

#### References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Wu, K., et al. Mol. Cell 37(6):784-796(2010) Vina-Vilaseca, A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(10):7645-7656(2010) Sakata, E., et al. Structure 18(1):138-147(2010) Kamadurai, H.B., et al. Mol. Cell 36(6):1095-1102(2009)

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of lysate from Hela cell line, using UBE2D2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP14752b). AP14752b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.