

DVL2 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14900b

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession 014641

Other Accession <u>Q60838</u>, <u>NP 004413.1</u>

Reactivity Human **Predicted** Mouse Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB35224 **Calculated MW** 78948 **Antigen Region** 588-617

Additional Information

Gene ID 1856

Other Names Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-2, Dishevelled-2, DSH

homolog 2, DVL2

Target/Specificity This DVL2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 588-617 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human DVL2.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions DVL2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name DVL2

Function Plays a role in the signal transduction pathways mediated by multiple Wnt

genes (PubMed:24616100). Participates both in canonical and non-canonical

Wnt signaling by binding to the cytoplasmic C- terminus of frizzled family members and transducing the Wnt signal to down-stream effectors. Promotes internalization and degradation of frizzled proteins upon Wnt signaling.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q60838}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q60838}; Cytoplasmic side {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q60838}. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q60838}. Nucleus Note=Localizes at the cell membrane upon interaction with frizzled family members and promotes their internalization. Localizes to cytoplasmic puncta (By similarity). Interaction with FOXK1 and FOXK2 induces nuclear translocation (PubMed:25805136) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q60838, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:24616100, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:25805136}

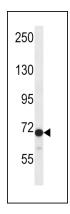
Background

This gene encodes a member of the dishevelled (dsh) protein family. The vertebrate dsh proteins have approximately 40% amino acid sequence similarity with Drosophila dsh. This gene encodes a 90-kD protein that undergoes posttranslational phosphorylation to form a 95-kD cytoplasmic protein, which may play a role in the signal transduction pathway mediated by multiple Wnt proteins. The mechanisms of dishevelled function in Wnt signaling are likely to be conserved among metazoans.

References

Inkster, B., et al. Neuroimage 53(3):908-917(2010) Kikuchi, K., et al. EMBO J. 29(20):3470-3483(2010) Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Gao, C., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 12(8):781-790(2010) Gnad, T., et al. Mol. Cancer 9, 31 (2010):

Images



DVL2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP14900b) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the DVL2 antibody detected the DVL2 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.