

# HNRNPD Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP16090a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IF, WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q14103</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9JJ54</a> , <a href="#">Q60668</a> , <a href="#">NP_002129.2</a> , <a href="#">NP_112738.1</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Predicted</b>	Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	38434
<b>Antigen Region</b>	57-85

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	3184
<b>Other Names</b>	Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D0, hnRNP D0, AU-rich element RNA-binding protein 1, HNRNPD, AUF1, HNRPD
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This HNRNPD antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 57-85 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human HNRNPD.
<b>Dilution</b>	IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	HNRNPD Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	HNRNPD
<b>Synonyms</b>	AUF1, HNRPD
<b>Function</b>	Binds with high affinity to RNA molecules that contain AU- rich elements

(AREs) found within the 3'-UTR of many proto-oncogenes and cytokine mRNAs. Also binds to double- and single-stranded DNA sequences in a specific manner and functions as a transcription factor. Each of the RNA-binding domains specifically can bind solely to a single-stranded non-monotonous 5'-UUAG-3' sequence and also weaker to the single-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' telomeric DNA repeat. Binds RNA oligonucleotides with 5'-UUAGGG-3' repeats more tightly than the telomeric single-stranded DNA 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats. Binding of RRM1 to DNA inhibits the formation of DNA quadruplex structure which may play a role in telomere elongation. May be involved in translationally coupled mRNA turnover. Implicated with other RNA-binding proteins in the cytoplasmic deadenylation/translational and decay interplay of the FOS mRNA mediated by the major coding-region determinant of instability (mCRD) domain. May play a role in the regulation of the rhythmic expression of circadian clock core genes. Directly binds to the 3'UTR of CRY1 mRNA and induces CRY1 rhythmic translation. May also be involved in the regulation of PER2 translation.

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs. Component of ribonucleosomes. Cytoplasmic localization oscillates diurnally

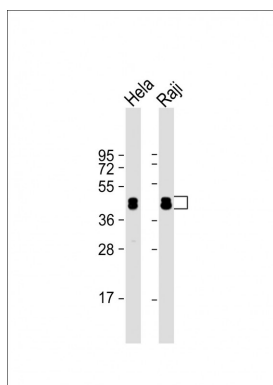
## Background

This gene belongs to the subfamily of ubiquitously expressed heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNPs). The hnRNPs are nucleic acid binding proteins and they complex with heterogeneous nuclear RNA (hnRNA). These proteins are associated with pre-mRNAs in the nucleus and appear to influence pre-mRNA processing and other aspects of mRNA metabolism and transport. While all of the hnRNPs are present in the nucleus, some seem to shuttle between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. The hnRNP proteins have distinct nucleic acid binding properties. The protein encoded by this gene has two repeats of quasi-RRM domains that bind to RNAs. It localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm. This protein is implicated in the regulation of mRNA stability. Alternative splicing of this gene results in four transcript variants.

## References

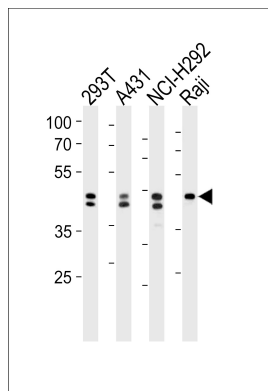
- Ishimaru, D., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(35):27182-27191(2010)  
 Zhai, B., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(31):23568-23580(2010)  
 Vazquez-Chantada, M., et al. Gastroenterology 138(5):1943-1953(2010)  
 Trojanowicz, B., et al. Endocr. Relat. Cancer 16(3):857-871(2009)  
 Pautz, A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(5):2755-2766(2009)

## Images

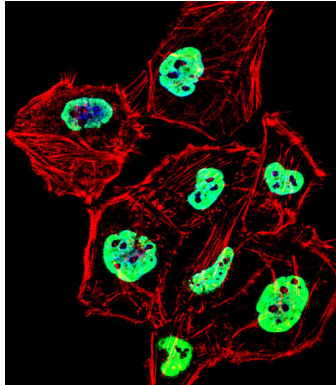


All lanes : Anti-HNRNPD Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution  
 Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate  
 Lane 2: Raji whole cell lysate  
 Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 38 kDa  
 Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

HNRNPD Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP16090a) western



blot analysis in 293T,A431,NCI-H292,Raji cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the HNRNPD antibody detected the HNRNPD protein (arrow).



Fluorescent confocal image of HeLa cell stained with HNRNPD Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AP16090a).HeLa cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with HNRNPD primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 µg/ml, 10 min). HNRNPD immunoreactivity is localized to Nucleus and Cytoplasm significantly.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.