

# ARL6IP1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP16637a

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** Q15041 **Other Accession** NP 055976.1 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB36129 **Calculated MW** 23363 1-30 **Antigen Region** 

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23204

Other Names ADP-ribosylation factor-like protein 6-interacting protein 1, ARL-6-interacting

protein 1, Aip-1, ARL6IP1, ARL6IP, KIAA0069

**Target/Specificity** This ARL6IP1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human ARL6IP1.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** ARL6IP1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name ARL6IP1

**Function** Positively regulates SLC1A1/EAAC1-mediated glutamate transport by

increasing its affinity for glutamate in a PKC activity- dependent manner. Promotes the catalytic efficiency of SLC1A1/EAAC1 probably by reducing its

interaction with ARL6IP5, a negative regulator of SLC1A1/EAAC1-mediated glutamate transport (By similarity). Plays a role in the formation and stabilization of endoplasmic reticulum tubules (PubMed:24262037). Negatively regulates apoptosis, possibly by modulating the activity of caspase-9 (CASP9). Inhibits cleavage of CASP9-dependent substrates and downstream markers of apoptosis but not CASP9 itself (PubMed:12754298). May be involved in protein transport, membrane trafficking, or cell signaling during hematopoietic maturation (PubMed:10995579).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endomembrane system; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9JKW0}. Note=Predominantly localized to intracytoplasmic membranes. Preferentially localizes at the ER tubules and the edge of the ER sheets, both of which are characterized by a high membrane curvature.

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in all hematopoietic cell lineages, but the highest level of expression is found in early myeloid progenitor cells. Expressed in brain, bone marrow, thymus and lung. Expressed at low level in liver, kidney and spleen. Not detected in heart

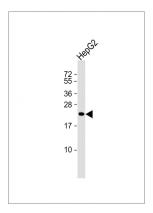
# **Background**

ARL6IP1 may be involved in protein transport, membrane trafficking, or cell signaling during hematopoietic maturation.

### References

Guo, F., et al. Oncol. Rep. 23(5):1449-1455(2010) Venkatesan, K., et al. Nat. Methods 6(1):83-90(2009) Lamesch, P., et al. Genomics 89(3):307-315(2007) Lui, H.M., et al. Mol. Cancer Res. 1(7):508-518(2003) Pettersson, M., et al. Genomics 68(3):351-354(2000)

## **Images**



Anti-ARL6IP1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 23 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### **Citations**

- Glutathione content and expression of proteins involved with glutathione metabolism differs in longissimus dorsi, subcutaneous adipose, and liver tissues of finished vs. growing beef steers.
- Hepatic glutamate transport and glutamine synthesis capacities are decreased in finished vs. growing beef steers, concomitant with increased GTRAP3-18 content.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.