

# PPIL1 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP16758c

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q9Y3C6

Other Accession <u>Q9D0W5</u>, <u>Q5E992</u>, <u>NP 057143.1</u>

**Reactivity** Human Predicted Bovine, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB36540
Calculated MW 18237
Antigen Region 63-91

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 51645

Other Names Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase-like 1, PPIase, Rotamase PPIL1, PPIL1,

CYPL1

Target/Specificity This PPIL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 63-91 amino acids from the Central

region of human PPIL1.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** PPIL1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name PPIL1

Synonyms CYPL1

#### **Function** Involved in pre-mRNA splicing as component of the spliceosome

(PubMed: <u>11991638</u>, PubMed: <u>28076346</u>, PubMed: <u>28502770</u>,

PubMed:<u>33220177</u>). PPIases accelerate the folding of proteins. Catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides (PubMed:<u>16595688</u>). Catalyzes prolyl peptide bond isomerization in CDC40/PRP17 (PubMed:<u>33220177</u>). Plays an important role in embryonic brain development; this function is independent of its isomerase activity

(PubMed:33220177).

Cellular Location Nucleus

**Tissue Location** Ubiquitous, with the most abundant expression in heart and skeletal muscle

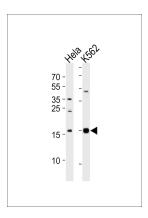
# **Background**

This gene is a member of the cyclophilin family of peptidylprolyl isomerases (PPIases). The cyclophilins are a highly conserved, ubiquitous family, members of which play an important role in protein folding, immunosuppression by cyclosporin A, and infection of HIV-1 virions. Based on similarity to other PPIases, this protein could accelerate the folding of proteins and might catalyze the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides.

### References

Wang, X., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(7):4951-4963(2010) Xu, C., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 281(23):15900-15908(2006) Xu, C., et al. J. Biomol. NMR 31(2):179-180(2005) Mungall, A.J., et al. Nature 425(6960):805-811(2003) Clark, H.F., et al. Genome Res. 13(10):2265-2270(2003)

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela, K562 cell line (from left to right), using PPIL1 Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AP16758c). AP16758c was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.