

LASS6 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17693B

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<u>Q6ZMG9</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_982288.1</u>
Reactivity	Mouse, Rat, Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB37704
Calculated MW	44890
Antigen Region	335-361

Additional Information

Gene ID	253782
Other Names	Ceramide synthase 6, CerS6, LAG1 longevity assurance homolog 6, CERS6, LASS6
Target/Specificity	This LASS6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 335-361 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human LASS6.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	LASS6 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CERS6 (<u>HGNC:23826</u>)
	Ceramide synthase that catalyzes the transfer of the acyl chain from acyl-CoA to a sphingoid base, with high selectivity toward palmitoyl-CoA (hexadecanoyl-CoA; C16:0-CoA) (PubMed: <u>17609214</u> , PubMed: <u>17977534</u> ,

	PubMed:23530041, PubMed:26887952, PubMed:31916624). Can use other acyl donors, but with less efficiency (By similarity). N- acylates sphinganine and sphingosine bases to form dihydroceramides and ceramides in de novo synthesis and salvage pathways, respectively (PubMed:17977534, PubMed:23530041, PubMed:26887952, PubMed:31916624). Ceramides generated by CERS6 play a role in inflammatory response (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of metabolism and hepatic lipid accumulation (By similarity). Under high fat diet, palmitoyl- (C16:0-) ceramides generated by CERS6 specifically bind the mitochondrial fission factor MFF, thereby promoting mitochondrial fragmentation and contributing to the development of obesity (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8C172}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8C172}

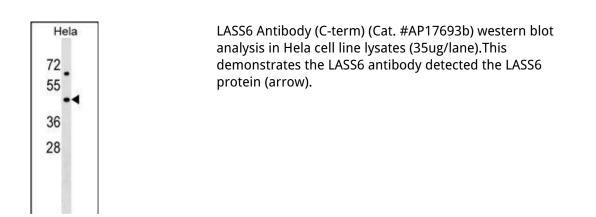
Background

LASS6 may be involved in sphingolipid synthesis or its regulation (By similarity).

References

Mesicek, J., et al. Cell. Signal. 22(9):1300-1307(2010) Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) : Yacoub, A., et al. Cancer Res. 70(3):1120-1129(2010) Erez-Roman, R., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 391(1):219-223(2010) Senkal, C.E., et al. FASEB J. 24(1):296-308(2010)

Images



Citations

• <u>y-Tocotrienol induces apoptosis in pancreatic cancer cells by upregulation of ceramide synthesis and modulation of sphingolipid transport.</u>

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.