

ANAPC4 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17878c

Product Information

Application Primary Accession	WB, E <u>09UIX5</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_037499.2</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB22764
Calculated MW	92116
Antigen Region	638-664

Additional Information

Gene ID	29945
Other Names	Anaphase-promoting complex subunit 4, APC4, Cyclosome subunit 4, ANAPC4, APC4
Target/Specificity	This ANAPC4 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 638-664 amino acids from the Central region of human ANAPC4.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	ANAPC4 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ANAPC4
Synonyms	APC4
Function	Component of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), a cell

cycle-regulated E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls progression through mitosis and the G1 phase of the cell cycle (PubMed:<u>18485873</u>). The APC/C complex acts by mediating ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of target proteins: it mainly mediates the formation of 'Lys-11'-linked polyubiquitin chains and, to a lower extent, the formation of 'Lys-48'- and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains (PubMed:<u>18485873</u>). The APC/C complex catalyzes assembly of branched 'Lys-11'-/'Lys-48'-linked branched ubiquitin chains on target proteins (PubMed:<u>29033132</u>).

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

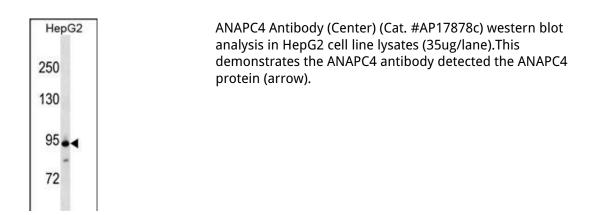
Background

A large protein complex, termed the anaphase-promoting complex (APC), or the cyclosome, promotes metaphase-anaphase transition by ubiquitinating its specific substrates such as mitotic cyclins and anaphase inhibitor, which are subsequently degraded by the 26S proteasome. Biochemical studies have shown that the vertebrate APC contains eight subunits. The composition of the APC is highly conserved in organisms from yeast to humans. The exact function of this gene product is not known. [provided by RefSeq].

References

Wasch, R., et al. Oncogene 29(1):1-10(2010) Jin, L., et al. Cell 133(4):653-665(2008) Nature 447(7145):661-678(2007) Dube, P., et al. Mol. Cell 20(6):867-879(2005) Listovsky, T., et al. EMBO J. 23(7):1619-1626(2004)

Images



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