

LC3 Antibody (APG8C) (T48)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP1804e

Product Information

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|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | WB, E |
| Primary Accession | Q9BXW4 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Clone Names | RB17599 |
| Calculated MW | 16852 |
| Antigen Region | 27-57 |

Additional Information

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|--------------------|---|
| Gene ID | 440738 |
| Other Names | Microtubule-associated proteins 1A/1B light chain 3C, Autophagy-related protein LC3 C, Autophagy-related ubiquitin-like modifier LC3 C, MAP1 light chain 3-like protein 3, MAP1A/MAP1B light chain 3 C, MAP1A/MAP1B LC3 C, Microtubule-associated protein 1 light chain 3 gamma, MAP1LC3C |
| Target/Specificity | This LC3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 27-57 amino acids from human LC3. |
| Dilution | WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration. |
| Format | Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification. |
| Storage | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Precautions | LC3 Antibody (APG8C) (T48) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

Protein Information

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| Name | MAP1LC3C |
| Function | Ubiquitin-like modifier that plays a crucial role in antibacterial autophagy (xenophagy) through the selective binding of CALCO2 (PubMed: 23022382). Recruits all ATG8 family members to infecting bacteria such as <i>S.typhimurium</i> |

(PubMed:[23022382](#)). May also play a role in aggrephagy, the macroautophagic degradation of ubiquitinated and aggregated proteins (PubMed:[28404643](#)).

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| Cellular Location | Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane; Lipid-anchor. Endomembrane system; Lipid-anchor. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=LC3-II binds to the autophagic membranes. |
| Tissue Location | Most abundant in placenta, lung and ovary. |

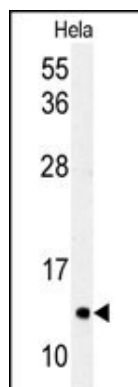
Background

Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole). MAP1A and MAP1B are microtubule-associated proteins which mediate the physical interactions between microtubules and components of the cytoskeleton. These proteins are involved in formation of autophagosomal vacuoles (autophagosomes). MAP1A and MAP1B each consist of a heavy chain subunit and multiple light chain subunits. MAP1LC3c is one of the light chain subunits and can associate with either MAP1A or MAP1B. The precursor molecule is cleaved by APG4B/ATG4B to form the cytosolic form, LC3-I. This is activated by APG7L/ATG7, transferred to ATG3 and conjugated to phospholipid to form the membrane-bound form, LC3-II.

References

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Images



Western blot analysis of APG8c (MAP1LC3C) Antibody (T48)(Cat.#AP1804e) in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). MAP1LC3C (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.