

# BRD9 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18588A

#### **Product Information**

**Application** IHC-P, WB, E **Primary Accession** Q9H8M2

Other Accession NP\_001009877.2
Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB38154
Calculated MW 67000
Antigen Region 3-29

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 65980

Other Names Bromodomain-containing protein 9, Rhabdomyosarcoma antigen

MU-RMS-408, BRD9

**Target/Specificity**This BRD9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 3-29 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human BRD9.

**Dilution** IHC-P~~1:100 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** BRD9 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name BRD9

**Function** Plays a role in chromatin remodeling and regulation of transcription

(PubMed:<u>22464331</u>, PubMed:<u>26365797</u>). Acts as a chromatin reader that recognizes and binds acylated histones: binds histones that are acetylated

and/or butyrylated (PubMed:<u>26365797</u>). Component of SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling subcomplex GBAF that carries out key enzymatic activities, changing chromatin structure by altering DNA- histone contacts within a nucleosome in an ATP-dependent manner (PubMed:<u>29374058</u>). Also orchestrates the RAD51-RAD54 complex formation and thereby plays a role in homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:<u>32457312</u>).

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus.

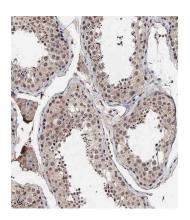
## **Background**

BRD9 is a bromodomain containing protein, which are known to bind to acetylated lysine residues.

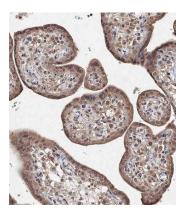
#### References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010): Scotto, L., et al. Mol. Cancer 7, 58 (2008): Clark, H.F., et al. Genome Res. 13(10):2265-2270(2003)

## **Images**

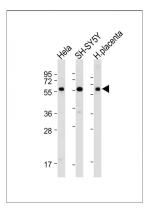


Immunohistochemical analysis of AP18588A on paraffin-embedded Human testis tissue. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature. Heat induced epitope retrieval was performed by EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:100) for 1 hour at room temperature. Undiluted CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of AP18588A on paraffin-embedded Human placenta tissue. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature. Heat induced epitope retrieval was performed by EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:100) for 1 hour at room temperature. Undiluted CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

All lanes: Anti-BRD9 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000-1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate Lane 3: Human placenta lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 67 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.