

# AMOT Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18634a

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q4VCS5

Other Accession NP\_001106962.1

Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB30574
Calculated MW 118085
Antigen Region 240-267

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 154796

Other Names Angiomotin, AMOT, KIAA1071

Target/Specificity This AMOT antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 240-267 amino acids from the

N-terminal region of human AMOT.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** AMOT Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name AMOT

Synonyms KIAA1071

**Function** Plays a central role in tight junction maintenance via the complex formed

with ARHGAP17, which acts by regulating the uptake of polarity proteins at

tight junctions. Appears to regulate endothelial cell migration and tube formation. May also play a role in the assembly of endothelial cell-cell junctions. Repressor of YAP1 and WWTR1/TAZ transcription of target genes, potentially via regulation of Hippo signaling-mediated phosphorylation of YAP1 which results in its recruitment to tight junctions (PubMed:21205866).

**Cellular Location** Cell junction, tight junction. Note=Localized on the cell surface. May act as a

transmembrane protein

**Tissue Location** Expressed in placenta and skeletal muscle. Found in the endothelial cells of

capillaries as well as larger vessels of the placenta.

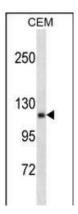
## **Background**

This gene belongs to the motin family of angiostatin binding proteins characterized by conserved coiled-coil domains and C-terminal PDZ binding motifs. The encoded protein is expressed predominantly in endothelial cells of capillaries as well as larger vessels of the placenta where it may mediate the inhibitory effect of angiostatin on tube formation and the migration of endothelial cells toward growth factors during the formation of new blood vessels. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

### References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Heller, B., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(16):12308-12320(2010) Talmud, P.J., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 85(5):628-642(2009) Gagne, V., et al. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 66(9):754-768(2009) Zheng, Y., et al. Circ. Res. 105(3):260-270(2009)

## **Images**



AMOT Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP18634a) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the AMOT antibody detected the AMOT protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.