

MRPL40 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18646b

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession Q9NQ50** Other Accession NP 003767.2 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB37341 **Calculated MW** 24490 172-200 **Antigen Region**

Additional Information

Gene ID 64976

Other Names 39S ribosomal protein L40, mitochondrial, L40mt, MRP-L40, Nuclear

localization signal-containing protein deleted in velocardiofacial syndrome,

Up-regulated in metastasis, MRPL40, NLVCF, URIM

Target/Specificity This MRPL40 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 172-200 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human MRPL40.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions MRPL40 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MRPL40

Synonyms NLVCF, URIM

Cellular Location Mitochondrion

Tissue Location Ubiquitous...

Background

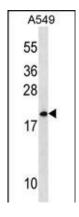
Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. Deletions in this gene may contribute to the etiology of velo-cardio-facial syndrome and DiGeorge syndrome.

References

Collins, J.E., et al. Genome Biol. 5 (10), R84 (2004): Zhang, Z., et al. Genomics 81(5):468-480(2003)

Kenmochi, N., et al. Genomics 77 (1-2), 65-70 (2001): Hildebrandt, T., et al. Anticancer Res. 19 (1A), 525-530 (1999): Goldschmidt-Reisin, S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 273(52):34828-34836(1998)

Images



MRPL40 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP18646b) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MRPL40 antibody detected the MRPL40 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.