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SMPD3 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP19071a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9NY59
Other Accession	O35049, Q9JJY3, NP_061137.1
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB39878
Calculated MW	71081
Antigen Region	137-165

Additional Information

Gene ID	55512
Other Names	Sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 3, Neutral sphingomyelinase 2, nSMase-2, nSMase2, Neutral sphingomyelinase II, SMPD3
Target/Specificity	This SMPD3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 137-165 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SMPD3.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SMPD3 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SMPD3 (HGNC:14240)
Function	Catalyzes the hydrolysis of sphingomyelin to form ceramide and phosphocholine. Ceramide mediates numerous cellular functions, such as

	apoptosis and growth arrest, and is capable of regulating these 2 cellular events independently. Also hydrolyzes sphingosylphosphocholine. Regulates the cell cycle by acting as a growth suppressor in confluent cells. Probably acts as a regulator of postnatal development and participates in bone and dentin mineralization (PubMed:10823942, PubMed:14741383, PubMed:15051724). Binds to anionic phospholipids (APLs) such as phosphatidylserine (PS) and phosphatidic acid (PA) that modulate enzymatic activity and subcellular location. May be involved in IL-1-beta-induced JNK activation in hepatocytes (By similarity). May act as a mediator in transcriptional regulation of NOS2/iNOS via the NF-kappa-B activation under inflammatory conditions (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Golgi apparatus membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor. Note=May localize to detergent-resistant subdomains of Golgi membranes of hypothalamic neurosecretory neurons (PubMed:10823942). Localizes to plasma membrane in confluent contact- inhaibited cells (PubMed:15051724)
Tissue Location	Predominantly expressed in brain.

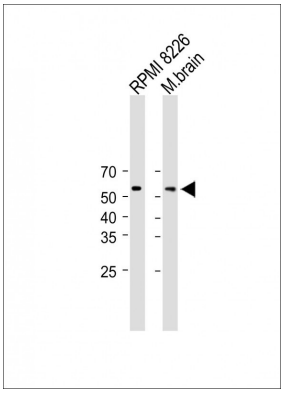
Background

SMPD3 catalyzes the hydrolysis of sphingomyelin to form ceramide and phosphocholine. Ceramide mediates numerous cellular functions, such as apoptosis and growth arrest, and is capable of regulating these 2 cellular events independently. Also hydrolyzes sphingosylphosphocholine. Regulates the cell cycle by acting as a growth suppressor in confluent cells. Probably acts as a regulator of postnatal development and participates in bone and dentin mineralization.

References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
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Maupas-Schwalm, F., et al. Cell. Signal. 21(12):1925-1934(2009)
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Images



All lanes : Anti-SMPD3 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: RPMI 8226 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Mouse brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size : 55kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.