

ULK1 Antibody (Center S317)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19250C

Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession Other Accession NP 003556.1
Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB40756
Calculated MW 112631
Antigen Region 296-322

Additional Information

Gene ID 8408

Other Names Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK1, Autophagy-related protein 1 homolog,

ATG1, hATG1, Unc-51-like kinase 1, ULK1, KIAA0722

Target/SpecificityThis ULK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 296-322 amino acids from the Central

region of human ULK1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions ULK1 Antibody (Center S317) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name ULK1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9693035, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12558}

Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in autophagy in response to

starvation (PubMed: 18936157, PubMed: 21460634, PubMed: 21795849,

PubMed:23524951, PubMed:25040165, PubMed:29487085,

PubMed:31123703). Acts upstream of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase PIK3C3 to regulate the formation of autophagophores, the precursors of autophagosomes (PubMed: 18936157, PubMed: 21460634, PubMed: 21795849, PubMed:25040165). Part of regulatory feedback loops in autophagy: acts both as a downstream effector and negative regulator of mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) via interaction with RPTOR (PubMed:21795849). Activated via phosphorylation by AMPK and also acts as a regulator of AMPK by mediating phosphorylation of AMPK subunits PRKAA1, PRKAB2 and PRKAG1, leading to negatively regulate AMPK activity (PubMed:21460634). May phosphorylate ATG13/KIAA0652 and RPTOR; however such data need additional evidences (PubMed: 18936157). Plays a role early in neuronal differentiation and is required for granule cell axon formation (PubMed:11146101). Also phosphorylates SESN2 and SQSTM1 to regulate autophagy (PubMed: 25040165, PubMed: 37306101). Phosphorylates FLCN, promoting autophagy (PubMed: <u>25126726</u>). Phosphorylates AMBRA1 in response to autophagy induction, releasing AMBRA1 from the cytoskeletal docking site to induce autophagosome nucleation (PubMed:20921139). Phosphorylates ATG4B, leading to inhibit autophagy by decreasing both proteolytic activation and delipidation activities of ATG4B (PubMed: 28821708).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Preautophagosomal structure. Note=Under starvation conditions, is localized to puncate structures primarily representing the isolation membrane that sequesters a portion of the cytoplasm resulting in the formation of an autophagosome.

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. Detected in the following adult tissues: skeletal muscle, heart, pancreas, brain, placenta, liver, kidney, and lung

Background

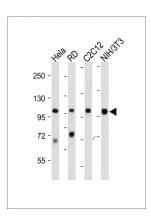
ULK1 is involved in autophagy. Required for autophagosome formation (By similarity). Target of the TOR kinase signaling pathway that regulates autophagy through the control of phosphorylation status of ATG13/KIAA0652 and ULK1, and the regulation of the ATG13-ULK1-RB1CC1 complex (By similarity). Phosphorylates ATG13/KIAA0652. Involved in axon growth (By similarity). Plays an essential role in neurite extension of cerebellar granule cells (By similarity).

References

Mercer, C.A., et al. Autophagy 5(5):649-662(2009) Ganley, I.G., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(18):12297-12305(2009) Jung, C.H., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 20(7):1992-2003(2009) Hosokawa, N., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 20(7):1981-1991(2009) Chan, E.Y. Sci Signal 2 (84), PE51 (2009) :

Images

All lanes: Anti-ULK1 at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: RD whole cell lysate Lane 3: C2C12 whole cell lysate Lane 4: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 113 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Citations

- GZ17-6.02 and Pemetrexed Interact to Kill Osimertinib-Resistant NSCLC Cells That Express Mutant ERBB1 Proteins
 Neratinib decreases pro-survival responses of [sorafenib + vorinostat] in pancreatic cancer

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