

# NDUFS6 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19818c

## **Product Information**

| Application       | WB, E                              |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Primary Accession | <u>075380</u>                      |
| Other Accession   | <u>Q4R5X8</u> , <u>NP_004544.1</u> |
| Reactivity        | Human                              |
| Predicted         | Monkey                             |
| Host              | Rabbit                             |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal                         |
| Isotype           | Rabbit IgG                         |
| Clone Names       | RB41028                            |
| Calculated MW     | 13712                              |
| Antigen Region    | 28-56                              |

#### **Additional Information**

| Gene ID            | 4726   |
|--------------------|--|
| Other Names        | NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 6, mitochondrial,<br>Complex I-13kD-A, CI-13kD-A, NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 13 kDa-A<br>subunit, NDUFS6                   |
| Target/Specificity | This NDUFS6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH<br>conjugated synthetic peptide between 28-56 amino acids from the Central<br>region of human NDUFS6.          |
| Dilution           | WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.   |
| Format             | Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.<br>This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide<br>affinity purification. |
| Storage            | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.  |
| Precautions        | NDUFS6 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.   |

### **Protein Information**

| Name     | NDUFS6   |
|----------|--|
| Function | Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH |

|                   | dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed not to be involved in catalysis.<br>Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory<br>chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be<br>ubiquinone. |
|-------------------|---|
| Cellular Location | Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Matrix side  |

#### Background

This gene encodes a subunit of the NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (complex I), which is the first enzyme complex in the electron transport chain of mitochondria. This complex functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The subunit encoded by this gene is one of seven subunits in the iron-sulfur protein fraction. Mutations in this gene cause mitochondrial complex I deficiency, a disease that causes a wide variety of clinical disorders, including neonatal disease and adult-onset neurodegenerative disorders.

#### References

Saito, A., et al. J. Hum. Genet. 54(6):317-323(2009) Martins-de-Souza, D., et al. J Neural Transm 116(3):275-289(2009) Wang, L., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 17(12):3558-3566(2008) Starr, J.M., et al. Mech. Ageing Dev. 129(12):745-751(2008) Harris, S.E., et al. BMC Genet. 8, 43 (2007) :

#### Images



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