

SCNN1B Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP20003c

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P51168
Other Accession	NP_000327.2
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB42043
Calculated MW	72659
Antigen Region	306-332

Additional Information

Gene ID	6338
Other Names	Amiloride-sensitive sodium channel subunit beta, Beta- NaCH , Epithelial $\text{Na}(+)$ channel subunit beta, Beta- ENaC , ENaCB , Nonvoltage-gated sodium channel 1 subunit beta, SCNEB , SCNN1B
Target/Specificity	This SCNN1B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 306-332 amino acids from the Central region of human SCNN1B .
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SCNN1B Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SCNN1B {ECO:0000303 PubMed:7490094, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:10600}
Function	This is one of the three pore-forming subunits of the heterotrimeric

epithelial sodium channel (ENaC), a critical regulator of sodium balance and fluid homeostasis (PubMed:[30251954](#), PubMed:[32729833](#), PubMed:[7762608](#), PubMed:[9792722](#)). ENaC operates in epithelial tissues, where it mediates the electrodiffusion of sodium ions from extracellular fluid through the apical membrane of cells, with water following osmotically (PubMed:[24124190](#)). It plays a key role in maintaining sodium homeostasis through electrogenic sodium reabsorption in the kidneys (PubMed:[12107247](#)). Additionally, ENaC is essential for airway surface liquid homeostasis, which is crucial for proper mucus clearance (PubMed:[24124190](#)).

Cellular Location

Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P37090}; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Detected in placenta, lung and kidney (PubMed:7762608). Expressed in kidney (at protein level) (PubMed:22207244).

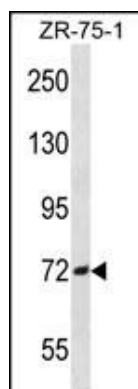
Background

Nonvoltage-gated, amiloride-sensitive, sodium channels control fluid and electrolyte transport across epithelia in many organs. These channels are heteromeric complexes consisting of 3 subunits: alpha, beta, and gamma. This gene encodes the beta subunit, and mutations in this gene have been associated with pseudohypoaldosteronism type 1 (PHA1), and Liddle syndrome.

References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
Song, W., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(13):9716-9728(2010)
Yokoyama, K., et al. Nephron Clin Pract 115 (4), C237-C243 (2010) :
McGeachie, M., et al. Circulation 120(24):2448-2454(2009)
Azad, A.K., et al. Hum. Mutat. 30(7):1093-1103(2009)

Images



SCNN1B Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP20003c) western blot analysis in ZR-75-1 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SCNN1B antibody detected the SCNN1B protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.