

CCND1 Antibody (C-term T288)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20024b

Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession P24385
Other Accession NP 444284.1
Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGCalculated MW33729Antigen Region267-294

Additional Information

Gene ID 595

Other Names G1/S-specific cyclin-D1, B-cell lymphoma 1 protein, BCL-1, BCL-1 oncogene,

PRAD1 oncogene, CCND1, BCL1, PRAD1

Target/Specificity This CCND1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 267-294 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human CCND1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CCND1 Antibody (C-term T288) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CCND1 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:8204893, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1582}

Function Regulatory component of the cyclin D1-CDK4 (DC) complex that

phosphorylates and inhibits members of the retinoblastoma (RB) protein family including RB1 and regulates the cell-cycle during G(1)/S transition (PubMed:1827756, PubMed:1833066, PubMed:19412162, PubMed:33854235,

PubMed:8114739, PubMed:8302605). Phosphorylation of RB1 allows dissociation of the transcription factor E2F from the RB/E2F complex and the subsequent transcription of E2F target genes which are responsible for the progression through the G(1) phase (PubMed:1827756, PubMed:1833066, PubMed: 19412162, PubMed: 8114739, PubMed: 8302605). Hypophosphorylates RB1 in early G(1) phase (PubMed:1827756, PubMed: 1833066, PubMed: 19412162, PubMed: 8114739, PubMed: 8302605). Cyclin D-CDK4 complexes are major integrators of various mitogenenic and antimitogenic signals (PubMed: 1827756, PubMed: 1833066, PubMed:19412162, PubMed:8302605). Also a substrate for SMAD3, phosphorylating SMAD3 in a cell-cycle-dependent manner and repressing its transcriptional activity (PubMed: 15241418). Component of the ternary complex, cyclin D1/CDK4/CDKN1B, required for nuclear translocation and activity of the cyclin D-CDK4 complex (PubMed: 9106657). Exhibits transcriptional corepressor activity with INSM1 on the NEUROD1 and INS promoters in a cell cycle-independent manner (PubMed:16569215, PubMed:18417529).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleus membrane. Note=Cyclin D-CDK4 complexes accumulate at the nuclear membrane and are then translocated to the nucleus through interaction with KIP/CIP family members

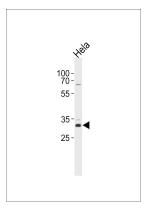
Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance throughout the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK4 or CDK6, whose activity is required for cell cycle G1/S transition. This protein has been shown to interact with tumor suppressor protein Rb and the expression of this gene is regulated positively by Rb. Mutations, amplification and overexpression of this gene, which alters cell cycle progression, are observed frequently in a variety of tumors and may contribute to tumorigenesis.

References

Aggarwal, P., et al. Cancer Cell 18(4):329-340(2010) Iwatani, K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 400(3):426-431(2010) Halilovic, E., et al. Cancer Res. 70(17):6804-6814(2010) Zheng, W., et al. Anal. Quant. Cytol. Histol. 32(3):155-160(2010) Satiroglu-Tufan, N.L., et al. Genet. Mol. Res. 9(3):1557-1567(2010)

Images



CCND1 Antibody (T288) (Cat. #AP20024b) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CCND1 antibody detected the CCND1 protein (arrow).

Citations

pathway.				
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