

CNBP Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20285c

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** P62633

Other Accession P62634, P53996, O42395, O3T0O6, NP 001120665.1

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Bovine, Chicken, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 19463
Antigen Region 91-118

Additional Information

Gene ID 7555

Other Names Cellular nucleic acid-binding protein, CNBP, Zinc finger protein 9, CNBP,

RNF163, ZNF9

Target/SpecificityThis CNBP antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 91-118 amino acids from the Central

region of human CNBP.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CNBP Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CNBP (HGNC:13164)

Synonyms RNF163, ZNF9

Function Single-stranded DNA-binding protein that preferentially binds to the sterol

regulatory element (SRE) sequence 5'-GTGCGGTG-3', and thereby mediates transcriptional repression (PubMed:2562787). Has a role as transactivator of the Myc promoter (By similarity). Binds single-stranded RNA in a sequence-specific manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P53996}. Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic

reticulum {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P53996} [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm [Isoform

5]: Cytoplasm [Isoform 8]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location Expressed in the liver, kidney, spleen, testis, lung, muscle and adrenal glands.

Background

This gene encodes a nucleic-acid binding protein with seven zinc-finger domains. The protein has a preference for binding single stranded DNA and RNA. The protein functions in cap-independent translation of ornithine decarboxylase mRNA, and may also function in sterol-mediated transcriptional regulation. A CCTG expansion in the first intron of this gene results in myotonic dystrophy type 2. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

References

Catalli, C., et al. J Mol Diagn 12(5):601-606(2010)

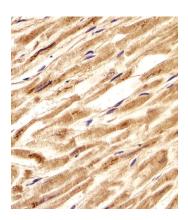
Massa, R., et al. Neuropathol. Appl. Neurobiol. 36(4):275-284(2010)

Sammons, M.A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (2), E9301 (2010):

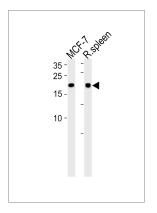
Lucchiari, S., et al. J. Neurol. Sci. 275 (1-2), 159-163 (2008):

Auvinen, S., et al. Arthritis Rheum. 58(11):3627-3631(2008)

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. heart section using CNBP Antibody (Center)(Cat#AP20285c). AP20285c was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.



CNBP Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP20285c) western blot analysis in MCF-7 cell line and rat spleen tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CNBP antibody detected the CNBP protein (arrow).