

# GABRQ Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP20373b

## Product Information

---

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UN88</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	71988
Antigen Region	585-613

## Additional Information

---

Gene ID	55879
Other Names	Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit theta, GABA(A) receptor subunit theta, GABRQ
Target/Specificity	This GABRQ antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 585-613 amino acids of human GABRQ.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	GABRQ Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

---

Name	GABRQ ( <a href="#">HGNC:14454</a> )
Function	Theta subunit of the heteropentameric ligand-gated chloride channel gated by gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), a major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the brain (PubMed: <a href="#">10449790</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16412217</a> ). GABA- gated chloride channels, also named GABA(A) receptors (GABAAR), consist of five subunits arranged around a central pore and contain GABA active binding site(s) located at the alpha and beta subunit interfaces (By similarity). When

activated by GABA, GABAARs selectively allow the flow of chloride anions across the cell membrane down their electrochemical gradient (PubMed:[10449790](#), PubMed:[16412217](#)).

<b>Cellular Location</b>	Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in brain.

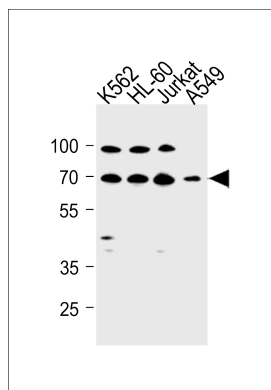
## Background

---

GABA, the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the vertebrate brain, mediates neuronal inhibition by binding to the GABA/benzodiazepine receptor and opening an integral chloride channel.

## Images

---



GABRQ Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP20373b) western blot analysis in K562,HL-60,Jurkat,A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the GABRQ antibody detected the GABRQ protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.