

SNX5 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20397a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9Y5X3
Other Accession	B1H267 , Q9D8U8 , Q3ZBM5
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Bovine, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB42916
Calculated MW	46816
Antigen Region	43-70

Additional Information

Gene ID	27131
Other Names	Sorting nexin-5, SNX5
Target/Specificity	This SNX5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 43-70 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SNX5.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SNX5 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SNX5
Function	Involved in several stages of intracellular trafficking. Interacts with membranes containing phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate (PtdIns(3P)) or phosphatidylinositol 3,4-bisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4)P2) (PubMed: 15561769).

Acts in part as component of the retromer membrane-deforming SNX-BAR subcomplex. The SNX-BAR retromer mediates retrograde transport of cargo proteins from endosomes to the trans-Golgi network (TGN) and is involved in endosome-to-plasma membrane transport for cargo protein recycling. The SNX-BAR subcomplex functions to deform the donor membrane into a tubular profile called endosome-to-TGN transport carrier (ETC) (Probable). Does not have *in vitro* vesicle-to-membrane remodeling activity (PubMed:[23085988](#)). Involved in retrograde transport of lysosomal enzyme receptor IGF2R (PubMed:[17148574](#), PubMed:[18596235](#)). May function as link between endosomal transport vesicles and dynactin (Probable). Plays a role in the internalization of EGFR after EGF stimulation (Probable). Involved in EGFR endosomal sorting and degradation; the function involves PIP5K1C isoform 3 and is retromer-independent (PubMed:[23602387](#)). Together with PIP5K1C isoform 3 facilitates HGS interaction with ubiquitinated EGFR, which initiates EGFR sorting to intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) of the multivesicular body for subsequent lysosomal degradation (Probable). Involved in E-cadherin sorting and degradation; inhibits PIP5K1C isoform 3-mediated E-cadherin degradation (PubMed:[24610942](#)). Plays a role in macropinocytosis (PubMed:[18854019](#), PubMed:[21048941](#)).

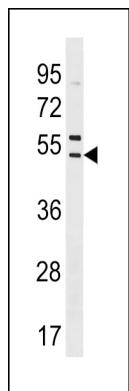
Cellular Location

Endosome. Early endosome Early endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasm. Cell projection, phagocytic cup. Cell projection, ruffle. Note=Recruited to the plasma membrane after EGF stimulation, which leads to increased levels of phosphatidylinositol 3,4-bisphosphate (PdtIns(3,4)P2) (PubMed:15561769). Detected on macropinosomes (PubMed:16968745, PubMed:21048941). Targeted to membrane ruffles in response to EGFR stimulation.

Background

May be involved in several stages of intracellular trafficking. Plays a role in macropinocytosis. Plays a role in the internalization of EGFR after EGF stimulation.

Images



SNX5 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP20397a) western blot analysis in HL-60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SNX5 antibody detected the SNX5 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.