

POLD2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20474c

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession P49005

Other AccessionQ6AXY4, Q35654, P49004ReactivityMouse, Rat, HumanPredictedBovine, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGCalculated MW51289Antigen Region237-265

Additional Information

Gene ID 5425

Other Names DNA polymerase delta subunit 2, DNA polymerase delta subunit p50, POLD2

Target/Specificity This POLD2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 237-265 amino acids from the Central

region of human POLD2.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions POLD2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name POLD2

Function Accessory component of both the DNA polymerase delta complex and the

DNA polymerase zeta complex (PubMed: 17317665, PubMed: 22801543, PubMed: 24449906). As a component of the trimeric and tetrameric DNA polymerase delta complexes (Pol-delta3 and Pol-delta4, respectively), plays a

role in high fidelity genome replication, including in lagging strand synthesis, and repair (PubMed: 12403614, PubMed: 16510448, PubMed: 19074196, PubMed: 20334433, PubMed: 24035200). Pol-delta3 and Pol-delta4 are characterized by the absence or the presence of POLD4. They exhibit differences in catalytic activity. Most notably, Pol-delta3 shows higher proofreading activity than Pol-delta4 (PubMed:19074196, PubMed:20334433). Although both Pol-delta3 and Pol-delta4 process Okazaki fragments in vitro, Pol-delta3 may also be better suited to fulfill this task, exhibiting near-absence of strand displacement activity compared to Pol-delta4 and stalling on encounter with the 5'- blocking oligonucleotides. Pol-delta3 idling process may avoid the formation of a gap, while maintaining a nick that can be readily ligated (PubMed:24035200). Along with DNA polymerase kappa, DNA polymerase delta carries out approximately half of nucleotide excision repair (NER) synthesis following UV irradiation (PubMed: 20227374). Under conditions of DNA replication stress, required for the repair of broken replication forks through break-induced replication (BIR) (PubMed:24310611). Involved in the translesion synthesis (TLS) of templates carrying O6-methylguanine or abasic sites performed by Pol- delta4, independently of DNA polymerase zeta (REV3L) or eta (POLH). Facilitates abasic site bypass by DNA polymerase delta by promoting extension from the nucleotide inserted opposite the lesion. Also involved in TLS as a component of the DNA polymerase zeta complex (PubMed:24449906). Along with POLD3, dramatically increases the efficiency and processivity of DNA synthesis of the DNA polymerase zeta complex compared to the minimal zeta complex, consisting of only REV3L and REV7 (PubMed: 24449906).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Recruited to DNA damage sites within 2 hours following UV irradiation.

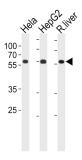
Background

The function of the small subunit is not yet clear.

References

Zhang J., et al. Genomics 29:179-186(1995).
Perez A., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1493:231-236(2000).
He H., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98:11979-11984(2001).
Liu L., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 278:10041-10047(2003).
Tsurimoto T., et al. Genes Cells 10:13-22(2005).

Images



POLD2 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP20474c) western blot analysis in Hela, HepG2 cell line and rat liver tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the POLD2 antibody detected the POLD2 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.