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BTRC Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20478a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9Y297
Other Accession	Q3ULA2
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	68867
Antigen Region	127-156

Additional Information

Gene ID	8945
Other Names	F-box/WD repeat-containing protein 1A, E3RSIkappaB, Epididymis tissue protein Li 2a, F-box and WD repeats protein beta-TrCP, pIkappaBalpha-E3 receptor subunit, BTRC, BTRCP, FBW1A, FBXW1A
Target/Specificity	This BTRC antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 127-156 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human BTRC.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	BTRC Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	BTRC
Synonyms	BTRCP, FBW1A, FBXW1A

Function

Substrate recognition component of a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex which mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed:10066435, PubMed:10497169, PubMed:10644755, PubMed:10835356, PubMed:11158290, PubMed:11238952, PubMed:11359933, PubMed:11994270, PubMed:12791267, PubMed:12902344, PubMed:14603323, PubMed:14681206, PubMed:14988407, PubMed:15448698, PubMed:15917222, PubMed:16371461, PubMed:22017875, PubMed:22017876, PubMed:22017877, PubMed:22087322, PubMed:25503564, PubMed:25704143, PubMed:36608670, PubMed:9859996, PubMed:9990852). Recognizes and binds to phosphorylated target proteins (PubMed:10066435, PubMed:10497169, PubMed:10644755, PubMed:10835356, PubMed:11158290, PubMed:11238952, PubMed:11359933, PubMed:11994270, PubMed:12791267, PubMed:12902344, PubMed:14603323, PubMed:14681206, PubMed:14988407, PubMed:15448698, PubMed:15917222, PubMed:16371461, PubMed:22017875, PubMed:22017876, PubMed:22017877, PubMed:22087322, PubMed:25503564, PubMed:25704143, PubMed:36608670, PubMed:9859996, PubMed:9990852). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of CTNNB1 and participates in Wnt signaling (PubMed:12077367, PubMed:12820959). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of phosphorylated NFKB1, ATF4, CDC25A, DLG1, FBXO5, PER1, SMAD3, SMAD4, SNAI1 and probably NFKB2 (PubMed:10835356, PubMed:11238952, PubMed:14603323, PubMed:14681206). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of NFKBIA, NFKBIB and NFKBIE; the degradation frees the associated NFKB1 to translocate into the nucleus and to activate transcription (PubMed:10066435, PubMed:10497169, PubMed:10644755, PubMed:9859996). Ubiquitination of NFKBIA occurs at 'Lys-21' and 'Lys- 22' (PubMed:10066435). The SCF(FBXW11) complex also regulates NF-kappa- B by mediating ubiquitination of phosphorylated NFKB1: specifically ubiquitinates the p105 form of NFKB1, leading to its degradation (PubMed:10835356, PubMed:11158290, PubMed:14673179). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of CEP68; this is required for centriole separation during mitosis (PubMed:25503564, PubMed:25704143). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of nuclear NFE2L1 (By similarity). Has an essential role in the control of the clock- dependent transcription via degradation of phosphorylated PER1 and PER2 (PubMed:15917222). May be involved in ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation through a DBB1-CUL4 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase. Required for activation of NFKB-mediated transcription by IL1B, MAP3K14, MAP3K1, IKBKB and TNF. SCF(BTRC) acts as a negative regulator of smoothened signaling by mediating ubiquitination of GLI2 and GLI3 in absence of smoothened, promoting their processing into transcription repressors (PubMed:16705181, PubMed:16371461). Mediates ubiquitination of REST, thereby leading to its proteasomal degradation (PubMed:18354482, PubMed:21258371). SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of KLF4; thereby negatively regulating cell pluripotency maintenance and embryogenesis (By similarity). SCF(BTRC) acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling pathway by catalyzing ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of phosphorylated DEPTOR, TFE3 and MITF (PubMed:22017875, PubMed:22017876, PubMed:22017877, PubMed:33110214, PubMed:36608670). SCF(BTRC) directs 'Lys-48'-linked ubiquitination of UBR2 in the T-cell receptor signaling pathway (PubMed:38225265).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3ULA2}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3ULA2}

Tissue Location

Expressed in epididymis (at protein level).

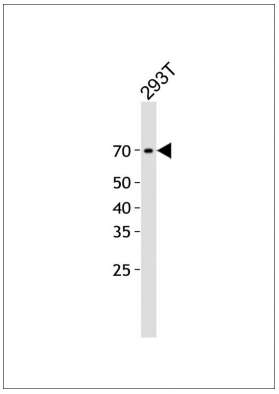
Background

Substrate recognition component of a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex which mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. Recognizes and binds to phosphorylated target proteins. SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of CTNNB1 and participates in Wnt signaling. SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of NFKBIA, NFKBIB and NFKBIE; the degradation frees the associated NFKB1 to translocate into the nucleus and to activate transcription. Ubiquitination of NFKBIA occurs at 'Lys-21' and 'Lys-22'. SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of phosphorylated NFKB1/nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit, ATF4, SMAD3, SMAD4, CDC25A, DLG1, FBXO5 and probably NFKB2. SCF(BTRC) mediates the ubiquitination of phosphorylated SNAI1. May be involved in ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation through a DBB1-CUL4 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase. Required for activation of NFKB-mediated transcription by IL1B, MAP3K14, MAP3K1, IKBKB and TNF. Required for proteolytic processing of GLI3.

References

Busino L., et al. Nature 426:87-91(2003).
Wan M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 279:14484-14487(2004).
Zhou B.P., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 6:931-940(2004).
Yaron A., et al. Nature 396:590-594(1998).
Margottin F., et al. Mol. Cell 1:565-574(1998).

Images



All lanes: Anti-BTRC Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + 293T whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 69 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.