

SOX2 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP2048f

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, E
Primary Accession	<u>P48431</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB14757
Calculated MW	34310

Additional Information

Gene ID	6657
Other Names	Transcription factor SOX-2, SOX2
Target/Specificity	This SOX2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a recombinant protein of human SOX2.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SOX2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SOX2
Function	Transcription factor that forms a trimeric complex with OCT4 on DNA and controls the expression of a number of genes involved in embryonic development such as YES1, FGF4, UTF1 and ZFP206 (By similarity). Binds to the proximal enhancer region of NANOG (By similarity). Critical for early embryogenesis and for embryonic stem cell pluripotency (PubMed: <u>18035408</u>). Downstream SRRT target that mediates the promotion of neural stem cell self-renewal (By similarity). Keeps neural cells

	undifferentiated by counteracting the activity of proneural proteins and suppresses neuronal differentiation (By similarity). May function as a switch in neuronal development (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q05066}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q05738}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q05738}. Note=Acetylation contributes to its nuclear localization and deacetylation by HDAC3 induces a cytoplasmic delocalization (By similarity). Colocalizes in the nucleus with ZNF208 isoform KRAB-O and tyrosine hydroxylase (TH) (By similarity) Colocalizes with SOX6 in speckles. Colocalizes with CAML in the nucleus (By similarity). Nuclear import is facilitated by XPO4, a protein that usually acts as a nuclear export signal receptor (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q05066, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q05738}

Background

SOX2 is a member of the SRY-related HMG-box (SOX) family of transcription factors involved in the regulation of embryonic development and in the determination of cell fate. This protein may act as a transcriptional activator after forming a protein complex with other proteins. Mutations in the SOX2 gene have been associated with bilateral anophthalmia, a severe form of structural eye malformation.

References

Remenyi, A., et al., Genes Dev. 17(16):2048-2059 (2003). Wiebe, M.S., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(20):17901-17911 (2003). Fantes, J., et al., Nat. Genet. 33(4):461-463 (2003). Schepers, G.E., et al., Dev. Cell 3(2):167-170 (2002). Kamachi, Y., et al., Trends Genet. 16(4):182-187 (2000).

Images



Anti-SOX2 Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + NCCIT whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 34 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Western blot analysis of SOX2 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal SOX2 Antibody (Cat.#AP2048f). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the SOX2 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



SOX2 Antibody (Cat. #AP2048f) flow cytometric analysis of 293 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.