

CLIC1 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20511c

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	O00299
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	26923
Antigen Region	136-166

Additional Information

Gene ID	1192
Other Names	Chloride intracellular channel protein 1, Chloride channel ABP, Nuclear chloride ion channel 27, NCC27, Regulatory nuclear chloride ion channel protein, hRNCC, CLIC1, G6, NCC27
Target/Specificity	This CLIC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 136-166 amino acids from the Central region of human CLIC1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CLIC1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CLIC1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:16339885, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:2062}
Function	In the soluble state, catalyzes glutaredoxin-like thiol disulfide exchange reactions with reduced glutathione as electron donor. Reduces selenite and dehydroascorbate and may act as an antioxidant during oxidative stress response (PubMed: 25581026 , PubMed: 37759794). Can insert into membranes

and form voltage-dependent multi-ion conductive channels. Membrane insertion seems to be redox- regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions. Involved in regulation of the cell cycle.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6MG61}. Note=Mostly in the nucleus including in the nuclear membrane (PubMed:12681486, PubMed:9139710). Small amount in the cytoplasm and the plasma membrane (PubMed:9139710). Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain (PubMed:11551966, PubMed:11940526, PubMed:12681486, PubMed:14613939, PubMed:9139710). Might not be present in the nucleus of cardiac cells (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6MG61, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11551966, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11940526, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12681486, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14613939, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9139710}

Tissue Location

Expression is prominent in heart, placenta, liver, kidney and pancreas.

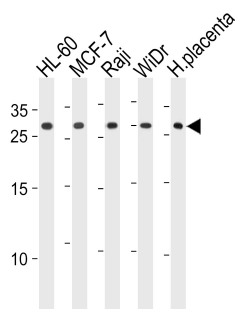
Background

Can insert into membranes and form chloride ion channels. Channel activity depends on the pH. Membrane insertion seems to be redox-regulated and may occur only under oxydizing conditions. Involved in regulation of the cell cycle.

References

Xie T., et al. Genome Res. 13:2621-2636(2003).
Shiina S., et al. Submitted (SEP-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Valenzuela S.M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 272:12575-12582(1997).
Noh Y.H., et al. Submitted (NOV-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Chuang J.Z., et al. J. Neurosci. 19:2919-2928(1999).

Images



CLIC1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP20511c) western blot analysis in HL-60,MCF-7,Raji,WiDr cell line and human placenta tissue lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the CLIC1 antibody detected the CLIC1 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.