

PPHLN1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20529a

Product Information

Application WB, IF, E **Primary Accession Q8NEY8** Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Calculated MW** 52737 **Antigen Region** 45-66

Additional Information

Gene ID 51535

Other Names Periphilin-1, Gastric cancer antigen Ga50, PPHLN1

Target/Specificity This PPHLN1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 45-66 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human PPHLN1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PPHLN1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PPHLN1 (HGNC:19369)

Function Component of the HUSH complex, a multiprotein complex that mediates

epigenetic repression. The HUSH complex is recruited to genomic loci rich in H3K9me3 and is probably required to maintain transcriptional silencing by promoting recruitment of SETDB1, a histone methyltransferase that mediates further deposition of H3K9me3. In the HUSH complex, contributes to the maintenance of the complex at chromatin (PubMed:26022416). Acts as a

transcriptional corepressor and regulates the cell cycle, probably via the HUSH complex (PubMed:15474462, PubMed:17963697). The HUSH complex is also involved in the silencing of unintegrated retroviral DNA: some part of the retroviral DNA formed immediately after infection remains unintegrated in the host genome and is transcriptionally repressed (PubMed:30487602). May be involved in epithelial differentiation by contributing to epidermal integrity and barrier formation (PubMed:12853457).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Chromosome. Note=In undifferentiated keratinocytes expressed in speckle-type nuclear granules and at the nuclear membrane, but in the differentiated keratinocytes colocalized with periplakin at the cell periphery and at cell-cell junctions (PubMed:12853457) Localizes to chromatin (PubMed:26022416).

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous..

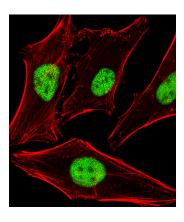
Background

Involved in epithelial differentiation and contributes to epidermal integrity and barrier formation.

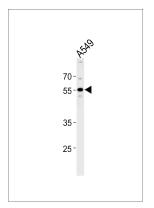
References

Imami K., et al. Anal. Sci. 24:161-166(2008). Line A., et al. Br. J. Cancer 86:1824-1830(2002). Kazerounian S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 278:36707-36717(2003). Zhang Q.-H., et al. Genome Res. 10:1546-1560(2000). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Images



Fluorescent image of Hela cells stained with PPHLN1 Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AP20529A). AP20529A was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody (green). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 conjugated with Phalloidin (red).



PPHLN1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP20529a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the PPHLN1 antibody detected the PPHLN1 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.