

# HIST1H2AG Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP20584c

## Product Information

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Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P0C0S8</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB48738
Calculated MW	14091

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	8329;8330;8332;8336;8969
Other Names	Histone H2A type 1, H2A1, Histone H2A/p, HIST1H2AG, H2AFP
Target/Specificity	This HIST1H2AG antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 63-87 amino acids from the Central region of human HIST1H2AG.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	HIST1H2AG Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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Name	H2AC11 ( <a href="#">HGNC:4737</a> )
Synonyms	H2AFP, HIST1H2AG
Function	Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA

accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

## Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome.

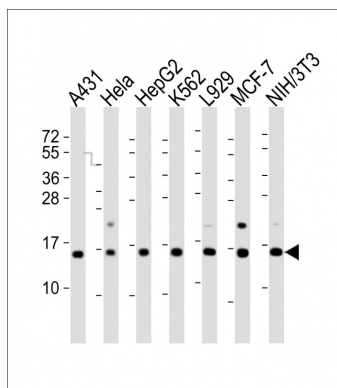
## Background

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

## References

Albig W.,et al.Hum. Genet. 101:284-294(1997).  
Albig W.,et al.Biol. Chem. 380:7-18(1999).  
Dobner T.,et al.DNA Seq. 1:409-413(1991).  
Mannironi C.,et al.DNA Cell Biol. 13:161-170(1994).  
Marzluff W.F.,et al.Genomics 80:487-498(2002).

## Images



All lanes : Anti-HIST1H2AG Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 3: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 4: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 5: L929 whole cell lysate Lane 6: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 7: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 14 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.