

SLC2A4 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP20794c

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P14672
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB43834
Calculated MW	54787

Additional Information

Gene ID	6517
Other Names	Solute carrier family 2, facilitated glucose transporter member 4, Glucose transporter type 4, insulin-responsive, GLUT-4, SLC2A4, GLUT4
Target/Specificity	This SLC2A4 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 495-529 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SLC2A4.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SLC2A4 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SLC2A4 (HGNC:11009)
Function	Insulin-regulated facilitative glucose transporter, which plays a key role in removal of glucose from circulation. Response to insulin is regulated by its intracellular localization: in the absence of insulin, it is efficiently retained intracellularly within storage compartments in muscle and fat cells. Upon insulin stimulation, translocates from these compartments to the cell surface

where it transports glucose from the extracellular milieu into the cell.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14142}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14142} Endomembrane system; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14142}. Note=Localizes primarily to the perinuclear region, undergoing continued recycling to the plasma membrane where it is rapidly reinternalized (PubMed:8300557). The dileucine internalization motif is critical for intracellular sequestration (PubMed:8300557). Insulin stimulation induces translocation to the cell membrane (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14142, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8300557}

Tissue Location

Skeletal and cardiac muscles; brown and white fat.

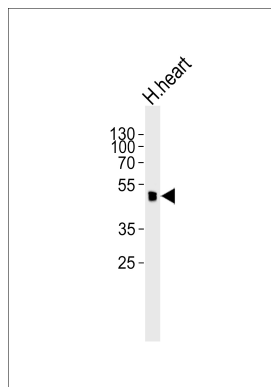
Background

Insulin-regulated facilitative glucose transporter.

References

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Chiaramonte R.,et al.Gene 130:307-308(1993).
Verhey K.J.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 269:2353-2356(1994).
Laloti V.S.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 277:19783-19791(2002).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from human heart tissue lysate, using SLC2A4 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP20794c). AP20794c was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.