

CLN3 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20845c

Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession Q13286

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB50925
Calculated MW 47623

Additional Information

Gene ID 1201

Other Names Battenin, Batten disease protein, Protein CLN3, CLN3, BTS

Target/Specificity This CLN3 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 250-284 amino acids from the Central

region of human CLN3.

Dilution WB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CLN3 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CLN3 (HGNC:2074)

Synonyms BTS

Function Mediates microtubule-dependent, anterograde transport connecting the

Golgi network, endosomes, autophagosomes, lysosomes and plasma membrane, and participates in several cellular processes such as regulation

of lysosomal pH, lysosome protein degradation, receptor- mediated

endocytosis, autophagy, transport of proteins and lipids from the TGN, apoptosis and synaptic transmission (PubMed: 10924275, PubMed: 15471887, PubMed: 18317235, PubMed: 18817525, PubMed: 20850431, PubMed:22261744). Facilitates the proteins transport from trans-Golgi network (TGN)-to other membrane compartments such as transport of microdomain-associated proteins to the plasma membrane, IGF2R transport to the lysosome where it regulates the CTSD release leading to regulation of CTSD maturation and thereby APP intracellular processing (PubMed: 10924275, PubMed: 18817525). Moreover regulates CTSD activity in response to osmotic stress (PubMed:23840424, PubMed:28390177). Also binds galactosylceramide and transports it from the trans Golgi to the rafts, which may have immediate and downstream effects on cell survival by modulating ceramide synthesis (PubMed: 18317235). At the plasma membrane, regulates actin-dependent events including filopodia formation, cell migration, and pinocytosis through ARF1-CDC42 pathway and also the cytoskeleton organization through interaction with MYH10 and fodrin leading to the regulation of the plasma membrane association of Na+, K+ ATPase complex (PubMed: 20850431). Regulates synaptic transmission in the amygdala, hippocampus, and cerebellum through regulation of synaptic vesicles density and their proximity to active zones leading to modulation of short-term plasticity and age-dependent anxious behavior, learning and memory (By similarity). Regulates autophagic vacuoles (AVs) maturation by modulating the trafficking between endocytic and autophagolysosomal/lysosomal compartments, which involves vesicle fusion leading to regulation of degradation process (By similarity). Also participates in cellular homeostasis of compounds such as, water, ions, amino acids, proteins and lipids in several tissue namely in brain and kidney through regulation of their transport and synthesis (PubMed: 17482562).

Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome. Lysosome. Golgi apparatus. Golgi apparatus membrane. Golgi apparatus, Golgi stack. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Cell membrane Recycling endosome. Membrane raft. Membrane, caveola. Early endosome membrane. Synapse, synaptosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61124}. Late endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61124}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61124}. Note=CLN3 is not present in late endosomes/lysosomes in fibroblasts and neurons (PubMed:15240864) Trafficks from cell membrane to Golgi via endosomes (PubMed:15240864) Osmotic stress changes the subcellular localization of CLN3 (PubMed:23840424). Trafficks to intracellular compartments via the plasma membranet through AP3M1-dependent mechanisms (PubMed:14644441) Excluded from the synaptic vesicles (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61124, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14644441, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15240864, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23840424}

Tissue Location

Expressed in the cortical brain, pancreas, spleen, and testis with weaker expression in the peripheral nerve (at protein level). Highly expressed in gray matter (at protein level)

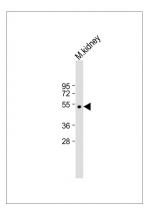
Background

Involved in microtubule-dependent, anterograde transport of late endosomes and lysosomes.

References

Lerner T.J.,et al.Cell 82:949-957(1995). Mitchison H.M.,et al.Genomics 40:346-350(1997). LaFauci G.,et al.Submitted (JUL-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. LaFauci G., et al. Submitted (JUL-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Images



Anti-CLN3 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution + Mouse kidney lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 48 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.