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Mouse Ddr2 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20936a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q62371
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB50401
Calculated MW	96482

Additional Information

Gene ID	18214
Other Names	Discoidin domain-containing receptor 2, Discoidin domain receptor 2, CD167 antigen-like family member B, Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 3, Receptor protein-tyrosine kinase TKT, Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO10, CD167b, Ddr2, Ntrkr3, Tkt, Tyro10
Target/Specificity	This Mouse Ddr2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 503-537 amino acids from the Central region of Mouse Ddr2.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Mouse Ddr2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	Ddr2
Synonyms	Ntrkr3, Tkt, Tyro10
Function	Tyrosine kinase that functions as a cell surface receptor for fibrillar collagen

	and regulates cell differentiation, remodeling of the extracellular matrix, cell migration and cell proliferation. Required for normal bone development. Regulates osteoblast differentiation and chondrocyte maturation via a signaling pathway that involves MAP kinases and leads to the activation of the transcription factor RUNX2. Regulates remodeling of the extracellular matrix by up- regulation of the collagenases MMP1, MMP2 and MMP13, and thereby facilitates cell migration and tumor cell invasion. Promotes fibroblast migration and proliferation, and thereby contributes to cutaneous wound healing.
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Widely expressed. Detected in lung, ovary, skin and in testis Leydig cells (at protein level). Widely expressed. Detected at high levels in heart, lung, skeletal muscle, central nervous system (CNS) and kidney, and at lower levels in brain and testis. Detected in chondrocytes in tibia growth plates of young mice

Background

Tyrosine kinase that functions as cell surface receptor for fibrillar collagen and regulates cell differentiation, remodeling of the extracellular matrix, cell migration and cell proliferation. Required for normal bone development. Regulates osteoblast differentiation and chondrocyte maturation via a signaling pathway that involves MAP kinases and leads to the activation of the transcription factor RUNX2. Regulates remodeling of the extracellular matrix by up-regulation of the collagenases MMP1, MMP2 and MMP13, and thereby facilitates cell migration and tumor cell invasion. Promotes fibroblast migration and proliferation, and thereby contributes to cutaneous wound healing.

References

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Lai C.,et al.Oncogene 9:877-883(1994).
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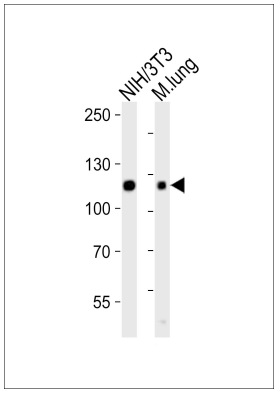
Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse NIH/3T3 cell line and mouse lung tissue(from left to right), using Ddr2 Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AP20936a). AP20936a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.